# TKM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING 

(Government Aided and Autonomous)

Celebrating 60 years of excellence


COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
B. Tech Curriculum 2023
\&
First \& Second Semester Syllabus

# THANGAL KUNJU MUSALIAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING <br> (Government Aided and Autonomous) <br> KOLLAM-691005, KERALA 

Abstract<br>TKMCE- Academics- B.Tech Curriculum 2023 \& first year (S1 \& S2) Syllabus of Computer Science and Engineering -orders issued

No: ACU3/663/2023
Date: 12/06/2023

## Order

Read:

1. UGC order Ref: F. 22-1/2022(AC) dated $26^{\text {th }}$ May 2022
2. U.O. No. KTU/ASST11(ADMIN)/3212/2022 dated $2^{\text {nd }}$ September 2022
3. ACU3/1010/2022 dated $16^{\text {th }}$ September 2022

The TKM College of Engineering was conferred with autonomous status by the UGC on May 26, 2022, vide Ref: 1, and the same was notified by the APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University, on September 2, 2022, vide ref. 2.

The first meeting of the Governing Body after the notification of autonomous status was held on September 15, 2022, and authorized the Principal to constitute the Academic Council as per the UGC (Conferment of Autonomous Status upon Colleges and Measures for Maintenance of Standards in Autonomous Colleges) Regulations, 2018. As per the resolution of the Governing Body, the Principal has constituted the Academic Council on September 16, 2022, vide ref. 3.
The third academic council meeting held on June 12, 2023, approved the B.Tech Computer Science and Engineering Curriculum 2023 and First Year (S1 \& S2 semester) syllabus to be followed for the academic year 2023-24 onwards.

## Preface to the Curriculum

The new undergraduate curriculum of TKM College of Engineering is designed to provide students with the skills and knowledge they need to become competent engineers capable of tackling real-world problems in a variety of fields. The curriculum is carefully designed to expose students to both theoretical and practical aspects of engineering and provide them with hands-on experience in the latest technologies and tools used in the industry. The courses given in the curriculum are tailored in a student centric fashion to ensure that they receive well-rounded education with the flexibility to customize their own learning experience according to their interests and career goals.

The allocation of 163 credits, of which 160 are from courses and 3 from activity points, over a period of four years, with each year comprising of two semesters. All courses in the curriculum are designed to highlight the significance of applying knowledge to engineering and technology challenges, fostering creativity and innovation, and developing entrepreneurial abilities.

The curriculum includes project-based courses that emphasize hands-on learning and real-world applications supported by the fundamentals of engineering. These courses are offered with lab components, which allow students to gain practical experience in applying the concepts they have learned. Additionally, there are basic science courses with lab components, core courses without practical components, 4hour lab courses, as well as $1 / 2$-hour theory courses and 2 -hour lab courses to provide breadth wise knowledge in the area of recent technological trends. These variety of courses ensures that students receive a well-rounded education and have the flexibility to customize their own learning experience according to their interests and career goals. In addition to these core subjects, students will have the opportunity to choose from a wide range of elective courses in specialized areas.

The industry internship included in the curriculum will give students the opportunity to apply their theoretical knowledge to practical situations and gain valuable experience. The students can opt for MOOC courses corresponding to Professional Elective and Open Elective Courses during their 8th semester, which will give them flexibility in doing internships.

Moreover, the extracurricular activities that students can participate in to earn activity points will provide them with a well-versed education and help them develop important skills such as leadership, teamwork, and communication. This is a great initiative by TKM College of Engineering to ensure that students not only excel academically but also develop important life skills that will help them in their future careers.

## GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE

1. Credit and Courses:

| Classification | Credit assigned |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 Hour Lecture [L] per week | 1 Credit |
| 1 Hour Tutorial [T]per week | 1 Credit |
| 1 Hour Project [J] per week | 1 Credit |
| 2 Hours Practice/Practical [P] per week | 1 Credit |

Credits are a unit of measurement for course work and are based on the number of hours of instruction required per week. One hour of classroom lecture (L) that is 60 minutes long per week, carried out during all weeks of the semester, is considered one Instructional Unit or one Credit. The same goes for a tutorial (T) or a project (J) that is 60 minutes long per week and carried out during all weeks of the semester.

In addition, a minimum of 120 minutes per week of laboratory session, practical or field work, training ( P ) or a combination of these, carried out during all weeks of the semester, is also considered one Instructional Unit or one Credit.

## Credit pattern

The B.Tech. program curriculum has a total of 160 academic credits and 3 additional pass/fail credits that can be gained through 100 activity points. It is expected that the program will accommodate courses from other disciplines so that students have multi-disciplinary exposure. Additionally, the program should provide sufficient opportunities for students to enhance their communication, soft skills, managerial skills, and technical skills. Depending on the program, the courses should fall under engineering, basic science, humanities science, and management categories. The structure of the UG program should essentially have the following categories of courses with the breakup of credits as given:

| S1 No: | Category | Code | Credit <br> Breakup |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses | HSMC | 16 |
| 2 | Basic Science courses | BSC | 22 |
| 3 | Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/ mechanical/computer etc. | ESC | 27 |
| 4 | Professional Core Courses | PCC | 59 |
| 5 | Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/ branch | [IEC] | 12 |
| 6 | Open Electives- Electives from other technical and /or emerging areas | C | 9 |
| 7 | Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere | PROJ | 15 |
| 8 | Mandatory Courses | MC |  |
| 9 | Mandatory Student Activities | SA | * 3 |
| Total Academic/Learning credits |  |  | 160 |
| Optional Specialization |  |  |  |
| 10 | Honors | HR | 20 |
| 11 | Minor | MR | 20 |
|  | Total Academic/Learning credits with option | ecialization | 180 |

*Not included in the calculation of Total Academic/ Learning credits
10 to $15 \%$ deviation in credits is permitted under each discipline. While developing the curriculum, the department offering the program should ensure that the above distribution shall be attained by the students upon their completion of their program. Either Minor or Honors can be opted from the optional specialization.

The courses are organized into $1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6$ credit courses based on the content delivery mechanism and desired depth of the course. The delivery methods include Theory-only, Theory with tutorial, Theory with practice, Theory with project etc. The L-T-P-J notation for each course signifies the allocation of hours for content delivery in terms of Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Practical (P), and Project (J) per week, as well as the credit earned from the course. Apart from lecture, tutorial, practical/practice and the project hours the curriculum offers Self learning hours(S) that indicate the number of hours students are expected to spent for activities that should be completed outside the class defined by the faculty handling courses, and for the activities to support learning, initiated by the students themselves without guidance or direction from course faculty. For each course, Self-learning hour per week is calculated as:

$$
\mathrm{S}=\left(\mathrm{L}^{*} 1+\mathrm{T}^{*} 0+\mathrm{P}^{*} 1+[\mathrm{J} / 2]\right)
$$

where J belongs to the project component of a project-based courseThus, the L-T-P-$J-S-C$ for each course indicates the number of credits delivered as Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Practical (P), Project (J), Self-study hours (S) and the total instructional delivery indicated as Credits (C).

$$
\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{T}+[\mathrm{P} / 2]+\mathrm{J}
$$

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Sl } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Lecture-Tutorial-Practical/ Project [L-T-P-J] | Selflearning hours[S] | Credit <br> [C] | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\cdots \quad 1-0-0-0$ | 1 | 1 | Theory |
| 2 | $2-0-0-0$ | $2$ | $2$ | course <br> without End <br> Semester <br> Examination <br> [ESE] |
| 3 | $2-0-2-0$ |  | $3$ | Theory course embedded with practical |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 2-1-0-0 \\ & 3-1-0-0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 4 | Theory course embedded with tutorial |
| 5 | 3-0-0-0 | 3 | 3 | Theory course |
| 6 | 3-1-2-0 | 5 | 5 | Theory |
| 7 | 2-1-2-0 | 4 | 4 | course <br> embedded <br> with <br> practical <br> and tutorial |


| 8 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Course Code:

In general, the curriculum of each program consists of courses that are grouped into different heads such as Program Core (PCC), Professional Elective (PEC), Projectbased courses (PBC), and Open Elective courses (OEC). The details of such courses are given below.
Program Core (PCC) or Professional Core
Program or Professional Core (PCC) courses are program-specific and are required for students to complete in order to be eligible for the degree. PCC courses are typically designed to provide students with a strong foundation in the core concepts
and skills of their chosen field of study. By completing the PCC courses, students will have a solid understanding of the fundamental principles and practices of their field, which will prepare them for more advanced coursework and professional work in the future.
Project based course (PBC):
Project-based courses (PBC) are designed to provide students with a deeper knowledge and understanding of real-world challenges and problems in their field of study. By taking PBCcourses, students have the opportunity to actively explore and apply theoretical knowledge to real-world problems. This can help them develop problem-solving skills and gain practical experience that will be valuable in their future careers. The ultimate aim of an engineering student is to resolve problems by applying theoretical knowledge, and PBC courses can be a great way to achieve this goal. Doing multiple projects can also help students develop a range of skills, from project management and teamwork to communication and presentation skills.

## Professional Elective (PEC):

Professional Elective (PEC) courses are designed to provide students with an opportunity to study more advanced, applied, or specialized courses than the basic courses they study as part of their program or professional core courses. PEC courses can help students gain in-depth knowledge of a specific sub-field that they have chosen as their major specialization. These courses are typically more focused and specialized than program core courses, and can help students develop expertise in a particular area of their field.
PEC courses provide students with the flexibility to tailor their education to their interests and career goals, while also ensuring that they have a strong foundation in the core concepts and skills of their field.
Micro specialization:
Electives can be streamlined to certain sub-disciplines of the B.Tech program, which are sometimes referred to as micro-specializations. This allows students to graduate with different micro-specializations or to choose not to specialize in a particular area by selecting a set of professional elective courses that are aligned with industry requirements or higher studies. A micro-specialization can be acquired by opting any two thematic courses from the list of professional electives which is in line with a Program Core Course.
Open Elective courses (OEC):
Open Electives are courses that students can take alongside their primary area of study. These courses are designed to give students greater flexibility and control over their curriculum, allowing them to pursue their interests and passions. Open Electives also promote cross-disciplinary and multidisciplinary learning, as students have the freedom to choose courses from different streams. This can be a great way to broaden the knowledge and skills and to explore new areas of interest.
Research based Mini Project:
Focuses on strengthening the understanding of student's fundamental concepts through the application of theoretical concepts and to boost their skills and widen the horizon of their thinking in research by implementing/working a recent research paper in the domain of study.
Project:
The research-based project in the seventh semester shall be continued as the project in the eighth semester.

Minor and Honours courses: The Minor in Engineering program allows students to gain interdisciplinary experience and exposure to concepts and perspectives that may not be part of their degree programs.
> The student should earn additional 20 credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree with Minor.
$>$ Out of the 20 credits, 12 credits should be earned by undergoing a minimum of three courses, of which one course shall be a mini project based on the chosen area.
$>$ The remaining 8 credits could be acquired through 2 MOOCs.
This program gives a great opportunity for students to broaden their understanding of the engineering profession and gain exposure.

## Seminar

Seminars are given to provide opportunities for students to present their research or ideas on a specific topic to a peer audience. Seminars can be used to enhance students' communication skills, critical thinking skills, and ability to synthesize information from technical publications. It can be also used to encourage students to read and collect recent and reliable information from technical publications including peer-reviewed journals, conference papers, books, project reports, and other sources. The purpose of seminars is to create a learning environment where students can engage in active discussions and develop their presentation skills. By participating in seminars, students can gain valuable experience and develop the skills they need to succeed in their future careers.

## Honors

Honors is intended for a student to gain expertise/specialise in an area inside his/her B.Tech discipline and to enrich knowledge in emerging/advanced areas in the branch of engineering concerned. Upon completion of Honors, a student will be better equipped to perform research in her/his branch of engineering.
$>$ The student should earn additional 20 credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree with Honors.
$>$ Out of the 20 credits, 12 credits should be earned by undergoing a minimum of three courses, of which one course should be a mini project based on the chosen area.
> The remaining 8 credits could be acquired through 2 MOOCs
Activity points:
To qualify for a B. Tech degree, all students are required to earn a minimum of 100 activity points from various activity segments listed by the institution. These activity points are awarded on a pass/fail basis and are mandatory for obtaining the degree. While these activity points carry three credits, no grade is given for these credits, and they are not included in the calculation of the CGPA. The purpose of these activity points is to encourage students to participate in various extracurricular activities, such as sports, cultural events, and community service. For lateral entry students who join from the third semester, the activity point requirement is reduced to 75 . The points earned by the student will be indicated in the consolidated academic statement, which is a record of the student's academic performance throughout their program.
The activity points can be earned by undertaking activities from different categories.
Some of the categories are:
(i) Internship
(ii) MOOC/GRE/ TOEFL /GATE/ IELTS/MAT/SAT/CAT etc/ Foreign language proficiency
(iii) Participation and organization of Co-curricular activities, Extracurricular activities.

## Socially Relevant Projects

The main purpose of Socially Relevant Projects is to link the institution with the society for mutual benefit. The community will benefit from the focused contribution of students towards local development. At the same time, the institution finds an opportunity to develop social sensibility and responsibility among students and emerge as a socially responsible institution.

The objectives of Socially Relevant Projects are:
$\checkmark$ To provide students with an opportunity to engage in meaningful community service and apply their learning to real-world situations.
$\checkmark$ To promote civic responsibility and leadership skills among students, and to foster a deeper understanding of social issues.
$\checkmark$ To facilitate the development of partnerships between colleges and local communities, and to contribute to local development.
$\checkmark$ To encourage students to think critically and creatively about social issues, and to develop innovative solutions to address them.
$\checkmark$ To promote interdisciplinary learning and collaboration, and to provide opportunities for students to apply their knowledge and skills across different fields.
Activities for Socially Relevant Project

* Conducting surveys and research on social issues and concerns to gain a better understanding of the problem and identify potential solutions.
* Developing and implementing educational programs to promote awareness and understanding of social issues and concerns.
* Collaborating with local NGOs and community groups to organize events and activities that promote social welfare and community development.
* Developing and implementing social welfare programs that address the needs of marginalized and vulnerable communities, such as homeless individuals, refugees, and low-income families.
* Conducting community service activities, such as volunteering at local shelters, food banks, and community centers.
* Developing and implementing environmental conservation programs that promote sustainable practices and reduce the impact of human activities on the environment.
* Creating and distributing educational materials, such as pamphlets and brochures, to raise awareness about social issues and concerns.
* Organizing fundraising events to support social welfare programs and community development initiatives.
* Engaging in advocacy and lobbying efforts to influence public policy and promote social justice.
Procedure for doing Socially Relevant Project
* Assign a group of students or a single student to a particular habitation, village, or municipal ward in the near vicinity of their place of stay.
* Conduct a survey of the habitation to gain a better understanding of the social issues and concerns that need to be addressed. A common survey format could be designed to ensure consistency.
* Develop a project work related to the student's domain or subject area that addresses the identified social issues and concerns. The project should be designed to be socially relevant and have a positive impact on the community.
* Implement the project work with the help of the local community and relevant authorities. This could include organizing awareness programs, developing and implementing educational programs, conducting community service activities, and engaging in advocacy and lobbying efforts.
* Monitor and evaluate the project work to ensure that it is having the desired impact on the community. This could include conducting surveys and research, gathering feedback from the local community, and tracking key performance indicators.
* Document the project work and its impact on the community, and share the findings with relevant stakeholders, including the local community, government authorities, and academic institutions


## Internships

Internships provide a great opportunity for students to gain exposure to the industry and prepare for their future work environment. As per the guidelines of the institution, all B.Tech students are required to undergo a minimum of six to eight weeks of internship in a reputed industry or research organization at another institute of higher learning and repute (Academia).This can be done any time after their first year of study and before the seventh semester. Students can avail this training in a single stretch or in piece-meal basis with each stretch shall be of not less than two weeks. The organization for doing internship shall be selected/decided by the students in consultation with the senior faculty advisor.
For students who have completed a 6-to-8-week internship at a reputed organization or a 3-to-5-month duration internship leading to placement can convert their work during internship to project work in the eighth semester, subject to approval from the concerned department.

## Structure of Course code:

Each course will be identified by a unique Course Code consisting of eight alpha numeric characters (Two digits, three alphabets which together followed by three digits) and is represented as YYXXCSNN, which can be interpreted as: YY Regulation Year XX - Course Category Code C- Course Delivery Mode, S - Semester Number (it can have a number from 1 to 8) NN- Course Sequence Number
For eg: 23CET303- is a theory course offered by the civil engineering department in the third semester of the 2023 scheme.
23MEL408 - is a laboratory course offered by the mechanical engineering department in the fourth semester of the 2023 scheme.
$23 C S P 607$ - - is a laboratory course offered by the mechanical engineering department in the sixth semester of 2023 scheme.

| Year of Regulation YY | Course category XX | Course delivery modeC | Semester Numbers | Serial No. of course NN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 for 2023 regulation | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { BY -BIOLOGY } \\ & \text { CE - CIVIL } \\ & \text { ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { CH - CHEMICAL } \\ & \text { ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { CS - COMPUTER } \\ & \text { SCIENCE } \\ & \text { \&ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { CY - CHEMISTRY } \\ & \text { EC- ELECTRONICS } \\ & \text { \& COMMUNICATION } \\ & \text { ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { EE - ELECTRICAL \& } \\ & \text { ELECTRONICS } \\ & \text { ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { ER - ELECTRICAL\& } \\ & \text { COMPUTER } \\ & \text { ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { ES - ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { SCIENCE COURSE } \\ & \text { HU - HUMANITY, } \\ & \text { SOCIAL SCIENCE } \\ & \text { AND MANAGEMENT } \\ & \text { MA - MATHEMATICS } \\ & \text { MC- MANDATORY } \\ & \text { COURSE } \\ & \text { ME - MECHANICAL } \\ & \text { ENGINEERING } \\ & \text { PY - PHYSICS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 01 <br> 2 <br> 03 <br> etc. | $\begin{gathered} 01 \\ 02 \\ 03 \\ \text { etc. } \end{gathered}$ |

## Assessment

In each semester, candidates shall be evaluated both by Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and End Semester Examinations (ESE) or by Continuous Internal

Assessment alone based on the credit assigned to the course. The Continuous Internal assessment shall be on the basis of the day-to-day work, periodic tests, assignments, quizzes, presentations and other suitable tools devised by the course faculty. The faculty member(s) concerned should carry out the CIA for the courses allotted to him/her and should perform the learning assessments in the following perspectives with respect to all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to knowledge
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding
- Evaluation with respect to skill
- Evaluation with respect to Applications and/or
- Higher Order Thinking Skills

For the Practice part of a course or a pure Practice (Laboratory/Practical) course; due weightage for carrying out experiments, such as observations, collection of data, analysis, interpretation of results, inferences and also timely submission of record work done would all carry due weightage based on the type of laboratories and the course. The CIA marks for individual courses shall be computed by giving weightage to the following parameters given in the table below.

| Mark Distribution of CIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Structure (L-T-P-J) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { تِ } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { \# } \end{aligned}$ | Theory ( L- T) |  |  | Practical (P) |  | Project (J) |  |  | Total Marks |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { 券 } \\ & \stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & \underset{y}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & 0 \\ & B \\ & n_{n}^{2} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-0-0-0 | 5 | 25 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | 100 |
| 1-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | - | 25 | 40 | - | - | - | 100 |
| 0-0-2-0 | 5 | - | - | - | 35 | 10 | - | - | - | 50 |
| 0-0-4-0 | 5 | - | - | - | 25 | 30 | - | - | - | 60 |
| 2-1-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 |
| 3-0-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 |
| 3-1-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 |
| 4-0-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 |
| 2-0-2-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | - | 20 | 10 | - | - | - | 60 |


| $3-1-2-0$ | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 20 |  |  |  |  | 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2-1-2-0$ | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | - | - | - | 60 |
| $3-0-2-0$ | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | 60 |
| $\$ 2-0-2-2$ | 5 | 10 | 10 |  | 15 |  | 5 | 10 | 5 | 60 |
| $* 2-0-2-2$ | 5 | 15 |  | 10 | 20 |  | 10 | 20 | 20 | 100 |
| $\approx 0-0-4-0$ | 5 |  |  |  | 55 | 40 |  |  |  | 100 |

\$ For PBC course only, * For Idea lab only \&For Manufacturing Practices only

## Assessment of Assignment component of CIA

Based on the course category the number of assignments that shall be given for each course may vary. The table given below gives the details about it.

| Course Category | L-T-P-J | Credit | Assessment of <br> Assignment component <br> of CIA |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Theory Course | $1-0-0-0$ | 1 |  |
|  | $2-0-0-0$ | 2 | One assessment per two |
| and half module |  |  |  |

## Evaluation Type, CIA \& ESE Mark Distribution:

The evaluation type, CIA \& ESE mark distribution for courses with various course structure is given in the following table:

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Evaluation } \\ \text { Type }\end{array}$ | Course Category | L-T-P-J | Credit | $\begin{array}{c}\text { CIA } \\ \text { Marks }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { ESE } \\ \text { Marks }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CIA only | Theory Course | $1-0-0-0$ | 1 | 50 |  |
|  | Practical | $2-0-0-0$ | 2 | 100 |  |
|  | Theory Embedded with | $1-0-2-0$ | 2 |  |  |
|  | Practical |  |  |  |$)$

## Evaluation pattern for End Semester Examination

The end-semester final examination should have learning assessments from the following perspectives with respect to all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to Knowledge
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding
- Evaluation with respect to Applications

Based on the ESE marks [60/40], separate evaluation pattern should be followed and is given in table below.


Pass minimum for a course shall be $40 \%$ for the End Semester Examination, $40 \%$ of CIA, and $50 \%$ for CIA and ESE put together. Letter grade ' F ' will be awarded to the student for a course if either his/her mark for the ESE is below $40 \%$ or mark for the CIA is below $40 \%$ or the overall mark [Continuous Internal Evaluation + End Semester Examination] is below 50 \%. For courses with only CIA and no ESE, a minimum of $50 \%$ of CIA mark is required.

## Grade and Grade point

Grading is based on the overall percentage marks obtained by the student in a course. The grade card shows the grades against the courses the student has registered. Semester grade card give the grade for each registered course, Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) for the semester as well as Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). The details of assigning Grade point and Grade are given in the table below.

| Grades | Grade Point [GP] | \% of Total Marks obtained |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S | 10 | $90 \%$ and above |

Equivalent percentage mark shall be $=10$ * CGPA -2.5

## Allotted and Cumulative Credits

The allotted and cumulative credits of circuit and non- circuit branches are given in table below

| Semester | Circuit branches <br> [CS, EC, EE \&ER] |  | Non-Circuit branches <br> [CE, ME \&CH] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Allotted <br> Credits | Cumulative <br> Credits | Allotted <br> Credits | Cumulative <br> Credits |
|  | 19 | - | 22 | - |
| Second | 22 | 41 | 20 | 42 |
| Third | 24 | 65 | 23 | 65 |
| Fourth | 21 | 86 | 21 | 86 |
| Fifth | 20 | 106 | 20 | 106 |
| Sixth | 19 | 125 | 19 | 125 |
| Seventh | 20 | 145 | 20 | 145 |
| Eighth | 15 | 160 | 15 | 160 |

Circuit branches:Computer Science \& Engineering [CS], Electronics \& Communication [EC], Electrical \&Electronics [EC] and Electrical \&Computer Science [ER]
Non-Circuit branches: Civil [CE], Mechanical [ME] and Chemical Engineering [CH]




| SECOND SEMESTER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \stackrel{R}{\mathbb{Z}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U } \\ & \text { V } \end{aligned}$ | Code | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O゙ } \end{aligned}$ | Title | L | T | $\mathbf{P}$ | J | S | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \text { J } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ |  | Total Marks |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 23MAP200 | BSC | Ordinary Differential Equations and Transforms | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| 2 | B | 23CYP203 | BSC | Engineering Chemistry | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | C | 23ESP204 | ESC | Problem solving and Programming | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 4 | D | 23ESP208 | ESC | Engineering Graphics | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 5 | G | 23ESL209 | ESC | Manufacturing Practices | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 100 |  |
| 6 | K | 23MCT210 | MC | Sports and Yoga | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 100 |  |
| 7 | F | 23HUT212 | HSMC | Universal Human Values-II | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 | 30 | 22 |  |  |



| FOURTH SEMESTER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \stackrel{Z}{\boldsymbol{n}} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ | Code | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { U0 } \end{aligned}$ | Title | L | T | P | J | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \frac{1}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & \text { 0 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \text { 苞 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Total Marks |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 23CST401 | PCC | Discrete Mathematics | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 2 | B | 23CSP402 | PCC | Computer Networks | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | C | 23CSP403 | PCC | Operating Systems | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 4 | D | 23CSJ404 | PBC | Introduction to Database Systems | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| 5 | E | 23HUT405 | HSMC | Management-I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 6 | F | 23MCT406 | MC | Environmental <br> Sciences | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 40 | 60 |
| 7 | I | 23BYT407 | BSC | Biology for Engineers | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 |  |
| 8 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{M} / \\ \mathrm{H} / \\ \mathrm{R} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 23CSM409/ } \\ \text { 23CSH409 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MR/ } \\ \text { HR/RL } \end{gathered}$ | MINOR/HONORS/ REMEDIAL | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | $4 /$ <br> $4 /$ <br> 0 | 40 | 60 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 | 27 | 21 |  |  |



| SIXTH SEMESTER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ | Code |  | Title | L | T | P | J | S |  |  | Total Marks |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 23CST601 | PCC | Theory of Computation | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 2 | B | 23CSP602 | PCC | Introductory Cyber Security | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | C | 23CSE6X4 | PEC | Professional Elective I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | D | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 23CSE6X5/ } \\ \text { 23CSI6X5 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{PEC/} \\ & \mathrm{IEC} \end{aligned}$ | Professional Elective2/ Industry Elective | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 5 | F | 23CSS606 | SR | Seminar | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 100 |  |
| 6 | U | 23SPJ607 | AU | Socially Relevant Project | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1. | 2 | 0 | 100 |  |
| 7 | I | 23EST608 | ESC | Digital Image Processing | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 |  |
| 8 | J | 23 HUT 609 | HSMC | Entrepreneurships and startups | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 |  |
| 9 | $\begin{gathered} M / \\ H / R \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 23CSM609/ } \\ \text { 23CSH609 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MR/ } \\ & \mathrm{HR} / \mathrm{RL} \end{aligned}$ | MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL | $4$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | Th | $4 /$ $4 /$ 0 | 40 | 60 |
|  |  | $\square$ | TOTAL |  | $\square$ |  |  |  | 21 | 23 | 18 |  |  |


| SEVENTH SEMESTER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ | Code |  | Title | L | T | P | J | S |  |  | Total Marks |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 23CSP701 | PCC | Compiler Design | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 2 | B | 23CSP702 | PCC | Cloud Computing | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | C | 23CSE7X3 | PEC | Professional Elective-3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | D | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 23CSO7X4 } \\ & \text { /23CSI7X4 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{OEC} \\ & \text { /IEC } \end{aligned}$ | Open Elective 1/ Industry Elective | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 5 | U | 23CSR705 | RMP | Research Based Mini Project | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 6 | 100 |  |
| 6 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { M/ } \\ \text { H/ } \\ \text { R } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 23 \mathrm{CSM} 709 \\ / \\ \text { 23CSH709 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{PRM} \\ & \text { / } \mathrm{HR} \\ & / \mathrm{RL} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | PROJECT IN MINOR/HONORS/ REMEDIAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4 / \\ 4 / \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 100 |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 28 | 20 |  |  |



## Professional Electives (PE)

## Professional Elective 1



## Professional Elective 3

| Slot | Course Code | Course Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | 23CSE713 | Speech Processing |
|  | 23CSE723 | Wireless and Mobile Communications |
|  | 23CSE733 | Software Reliability* |
|  | 23CSE743 | Evolutionary algorithms |
|  | 23CSE753 | Parallel and Distributed Algorithms |
|  | 23CSE763 | Big Data Analytics* |
|  | 23CSE773 | Web Mining |
|  | 23CSE783 | Advanced Social, Text and Media Analytics |
|  | 23CSE793 | Digital Currency Programming* |
|  | 23CSE7103 | Android programming* |
|  | 23CSE7113 | Networks and Systems Security |
|  | 23CSE7123 | Ethical Hacking* $\mathrm{B}_{4}$, |
|  | 23CSE7133 | GPU Architecture and Programming |
|  | 23CSE7143 | Software Defined network |
|  | 23CSE7153 | AWS Cloud Computing* ${ }^{*}$ |
|  | 23CSE7163 | Soft Computing ? |

Professional Elective 4


|  | 23 CSE8141 | Introduction to Devops* |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 23 CSE8151 | Augmented and Virtual Reality |
|  | 23 CSE8161 | Human Computer Interaction |

*Industry offered/collaborated courses

## Open Electives

## Open Elective 1/ Industry Elective

| Slot | Course Code | Course Name |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| D | 23 CSO 714 | Data Structures |
|  | 23 CSO 724 | Introduction to Soft Computing |
|  | $23 \operatorname{CSO} 34$ | Development of Mobile Apps |
|  | 23 CSO 744 | E-Commerce |
|  | $23 C S 1714$ | Cyber Law \& Ethics |

## Open Elective 2/MOOC



Open Elective 3/MOOC

| Slot | Course Code | Course Name |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| C | 23 CSO813 | Machine Learning |  |
|  | 23 CSO823 | Scripting Languages |  |
|  | 23 CSO833 | Database Management Systems |  |
|  | 23 CSO843 | Computer Architecture |  |
|  | 23 CSO853 | Big Data Analytics |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| MICRO SPECIALIZATION BASKETS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BASKET | Course 1 |  | Course 2 |  |  |
|  | Course Code | Course Name | Course Code | Course Name | Prerequisite Course |
| Artificial Intelligence | 23CSE615 | Natural Language Processing | 23CSE713 | Speech Processing | Artificial Intelligence \& Machine Learning |
| Machine Learning | 23CSE614 | Advanced Machine Learning | 23CSE811 | Reinforcement learning |  |
| Interpretable AI | 23CSE614 | Advanced Machine Learning | 23CSE821 | Explainable AI |  |
| Adhoc and <br> Sensor <br> Networks | $23 \text { CSE624 }$ | Wireless Sensor Networks | 23CSE831 | Mobile Adhoc Networks | Computer Networks |
| Wireless Communication | 23CSE625 | Mobile Computing | 23CSE723 | Wireless and Mobile Communications |  |
| Internet of Things | 23CSE6125 | Internet of Things | 23CSE8131 | IoT Security |  |
| Agile Software <br> Engineering | $23 \mathrm{CSE} 634$ | Agile Methodologies | 23CSE851 | Software Project Management | Software Engineering |
| Advanced <br> Software <br> Engineering | 23CSE733 | Software Reliability | 23CSE841 | Total quality Management |  |
| Software Reliability | 23CSI615 | Software Testing | 23CSE733 | Software Reliability |  |
| Object Oriented <br> Software <br> Engineering | 23 CSE684 $\quad$Object <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Oriented <br> System <br> Design |  | 23CSE851 | Software Project Management |  |
| Software <br> Development and Deployment | 23CSE634 | Agile Methodologies | $23 \mathrm{CSE} 814$ | Introduction to Devops |  |
| Advanced Algorithmic Approaches | 23CSE644 | Advanced Algorithms | 23CSE753 | Parallel and Distributed Algorithms | Design and Analysis of Algorithms |
| Optimization Algorithms | 23CSE743 | Evolutionary algorithms | 23CSE861 | Swarm Intelligence |  |
| Big Data Analytics | 23CSE654 | Data Mining | 23CSE763 | Big Data Analytics | Introduction to Database Systems |
| Advanced Data Mining | 23CSE773 | Web Mining | 23CSE871 | Social Network Analytics |  |


| Data Mining and <br> Forecasting | 23CSE763 | Big Data Analytics | 23CSE881 | Time Series Analysis and Forecasting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blockchain and Digital Currency Technology | 23CSI625 | Blockchain technology | 23CSE793 | Digital Currency Programming |  |
| Database and <br> Digital <br> Currency <br> Technology | 23CSE674 | Advanced Database system | 23CSE793 | Digital Currency Programming |  |
| Information Security | 23CSE7113 | Networks and Systems Security | 23CSE8111 | Cloud Security | Introductory Cyber Security |
| Cyber Security | 23CSE7123 | Ethical Hacking | 23CSE8121 | Cyber Forensics |  |
| Secure <br> Programming | 23CSE665 | Secure Coding | 23CSE7123 | Ethical Hacking | Advanced Programming |
| Advanced Computer Architecture | 23CSE6114 | Advanced Computer Architecture | 23CSE7133 | GPU <br> Architecture and Programming | Computer Organization |
| Software <br> Automation | 23CSE7153 | AWS Cloud Computing | 23CSE8141 | Introduction to Devops | Advanced Programming and Cloud Computing |

## *Industry offered/collaborated courses

| MINOR BASKETS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEMESTER | BASKET 1 <br> Specialization - Machine Learning |  | BASKET 2 |  |
|  |  |  | Specialization - Software Engineering* |  |
|  | Course Code | Course Name | Course Code | Course Name |
| S3 | 23CSM309 | Python for Machine Learning | 23CSM310 | Object Oriented Programming* |
| S4 | 23CSM409 | Mathematics for Machine Learning | 23CSM410 | Software Engineering * |
| S5 | 23CSM509 | Concepts in Machine Learning | 23CSM510 | Software Testing * |
| S6 | 23CSM609 | Concepts in Deep Learning | 23CSM610 | Software Project Management* |
| S7 | 23CSM709 | PROJECT IN MINOR | 23CSM709 | PROJECT IN MINOR |


|  |  |  | HONORS BASKETS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S | BASKET 1 |  | BASKET 2 |  | BASKET 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{E} \\ & \mathbf{M} \\ & \mathbf{E} \end{aligned}$ | Specialization - Data Structures and Algorithms |  | Specialization - Systems Engineering |  | Specialization - Data Science |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{S} \\ & \mathbf{T} \\ & \mathbf{E} \\ & \mathbf{R} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Course Code | Course Name | Course Code | Course Name | Course Code | Course Name |
| S4 | $23 \mathrm{CSH} 409$ | Computational Geometry | 23CSH410 | System Software | $23 \mathrm{CSH} 411$ | Data and Web Mining |
| S5 | 23CSH509 | Advanced Data structures and Algorithms | 23CSH510 | Advanced Operating Systems | 23CSH511 | Business Analytics |
| S6 | 23CSH609 | Parallel Algorithms | 23CSH610 | Advanced Database Management Systems | 23CSH611 | Social <br> Network <br> Analytics |
| S7 | 23CSH709 | Evolutionary Algorithms | 23CSM710 | Advanced Computer Architecture | 23CSM711 | Time Series Analysis and Forecasting |
| S8 | 23CSH809 | Project in Honors | 23CSH809 | Project in Honors | 23CSH809 | Project in Honors |




Prerequisite: Calculus of univariate functions and matrix theory.
Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to
Apply the concept of partial derivatives to evaluate the extrema of two variable CO 1
functions. [Apply level]
Use multiple integrals to find the area and volume of geometrical shapes,
CO 2 mass and center of gravity of plane laminas. [Apply level]

Utilize vector calculus techniques to solve problems related to vector fields in CO 3 various disciplines. [Apply level]

Apply appropriate techniques such as Green's theorem, Stokes' theorem and CO 4 divergence theorem to evaluate vector integrals for different types of regions and surfaces. [Apply level]

Use the Gauss elimination method to solve given systems of linear equations CO 5 and to determine whether a matrix is diagonalizable. [Apply level]


| Apply | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analyse |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Evaluate |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Create |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |



## SYLLABUS

## MODULE I: (Multivariable Calculus and Applications)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.8)
Partial derivatives, Partial derivatives of functions of two variables, The partial derivative functions, Partial derivatives viewed as rates of change and slopes, Implicit partial differentiation, Partial derivatives of functions with more than two variables, Higher-order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partials, Differentiability, Differentials, Local linear approximations, The chain rule, Chain rules for partial derivatives, Other versions of the chain rule, Implicit differentiation, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables - Extrema, Finding relative extrema, The second partials test.

## MODULE II: (Multiple integrals and applications)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.5, 14.6, 14.8)
Double integrals (Cartesian), Double integrals over nonrectangular regions, Reversing the order of integration, change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar), Finding area and volume using double integrals, Application of multiple integralsmass and center of gravity of inhomogeneous laminas using double integral. Triple integrals, volume calculated as triple integral (exclude problems of intersection of solids), and triple integral in cylindrical coordinates.

## MODULE III: (Vector Differentiation)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 12.1,12.2,12.6,13.6,15.1,15.2,15.3)
Vector valued functions of single variable, derivative of vector function and geometrical interpretation, motion along a curve -velocity, speed and acceleration. Concept of scalar and vector fields, Gradient and its properties, directional derivative, divergence and curl, Line integrals of vector fields, work as line integral, Conservative vector fields, independence of path and potential function (results without proof).

## MODULE IV: (Vector Integration)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 15.4,15.7,15.8)
Green's Theorem (for simply connected domains, without proof) and applications to evaluating line integrals and finding areas. Divergence theorem (without proof) and its applications to flux integrals, Stokes' theorem (without proof) and its applications to finding line integrals of vector fields and work done. Evaluation of Surface integral using Stokes' theorem.

## MODULE V: (Linear Algebra)

(Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 8.1,8.3,8.4)
Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination, row echelon form and rank of a matrix, fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-
homogeneous, without proof), Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Properties of Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Diagonalization of matrices.

## Text books

1. H. Anton, I. Biven,S.Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, $10^{\text {th }}$ Edition, John Wiley \& Sons, 2016.

## Reference books

1. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017
2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
3. Peter V. O'Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage, 7th Edition, 2012
4. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
5. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36 Edition, 2010.
6. Dr. Joydeep Dutta, Calculus of Several Real Variables, IIT Kanpur, [NPTEL], https:// nptel.ac.in/courses/111104125 (Relevant sections)
7. Prof. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra [MITOPENCOURSEWARE]
8. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/ (Relevant sections)

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE

|  |  | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. |  |  | No. of <br> Hours <br> [45 hours] |
| 1.1 | Partial derivatives, Partial derivatives of functions of two <br> variables | 1 |  |
| 1.2 | Implicit partial differentiation, Partial derivatives of functions <br> with more than two variables | 1 |  |
| 1.3 | Higher-order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partials | 1 |  |
| 1.4 | Differentials | 1 |  |
| 1.5 | Local Linear approximations | 1 |  |
| 1.6 | Chain rule, Implicit differentiation | 1 |  |
| 1.7 | Total derivative | 1 |  |
| 2.1 | Double integrals (Cartesian)-evaluation | 1 |  |
| 2.2 | Double integrals(continued) | 1 |  |


| 2.3 | Change of order of integration in double integrals | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.4 | Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar) | 1 |
| 2.5 | Finding areas and volumes | 1 |
| 2.6 | Finding areas and volumes(continued) | 1 |
| 2.7 | Mass and center of gravity of plane laminas | 1 |
| 2.8 | Triple integrals, | 1 |
| 2.9 | Volume calculated as triple integral (exclude problems of the intersection of solids) | 1 |
| 2.10 | Triple integral in cylindrical coordinates | 1 |
|  | - MODULE III [9 hours] |  |
| 3.1 | Vector valued function of a scalar variable | 1 |
| 3.2 | Derivative of vector valued function of scalar variable geometrical meaning | 1 |
| 3.3 | Motion along a curve-speed, velocity, acceleration | 1 |
| 3.4 | Gradient and its properties | 1 |
| 3.5 | Directional derivative | 1 |
| 3.6 | Divergent and curl | 1 |
| 3.7 | Line integrals with respect to arc length, line integrals of vector fields. | 1 |
| 3.8 | Work done as line integralv | 1 |
| 3.9 | Conservative vector field, independence of path, potential function | 1 |
|  | MODULE IV [9 hours] |  |
| 4.1 | Green's theorem and its applications | 1 |
| 4.2 | Green's theorem and its applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.3 | Green's theorem and its applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.4 | Divergence theorem and applications | 1 |
| 4.5 | Divergence theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.6 | Divergence theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.7 | Stokes theorem and applications | 1 |
| 4.8 | Stokes theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |


| 4.9 | Stokes theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MODULE V [8 hours] | 1 |  |
| 5.1 | Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination | 1 |
| 5.2 | Row echelon form, | 1 |
| 5.3 | Finding rank from row echelon form | 1 |
| 5.4 | Fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and <br> non-homogeneous, without proof) | 1 |
| 5.5 | Eigen values and Eigen vectors | 1 |
| 5.6 | Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors | 1 |
| 5.7 | Diagonalization of matrices F P | 1 |
| 5.8 | Diagonalization of matrices(continued) |  |

## CO Assessment Questions

1. A manufacturer makes two models of an item, standard and deluxe. It costs Rs. 40 to manufacture the standard model and Rs. 60 for the deluxe. A market research firm estimates that if the standard model is priced at rupees x and the deluxe at rupees y , then the manufacturer will sell $500(y-x)$ of the standard items and $45,000+500(x-2 y)$ of the deluxe each year. How should the items be priced to maximize the profit?
2. Determine the dimension of the rectangular box open at the top, having a volume 32 cubic ft and requiring the least amount of material for its construction.
3. The temperature $T(x, y, z)$ at any point $(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, z)$ in space is given by $T(x, y, z)=x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}$. Find the differential $d T$ at a point $(a, b, c)$, and use it to approximate the change in temperature when the coordinates change by small amounts $\delta x, \delta y$, and $\delta z$.
4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB) to generate a contour plot of $f(x, y)=$ $2 y 2 x-y x^{2}+4 x y$ for $-5 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq 5$ and $-5 \leq \mathrm{y} \leq 5$, and use the plot to approximate the locations of all relative extrema and saddle points in the region. Check your answer using calculus, and identify the relative extrema as relative maxima or minima.
5. Team Work: Use the method of least squares (refer exercise 13.8 in text 1) to find the values of $m$ and $b$ in the regression line $y=m x+b$ that best fits the data $\left(\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{y}_{1}\right),\left(\mathrm{x}_{2}, \mathrm{y}_{2}\right), \ldots,\left(\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}}, \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)$. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution and illustrating the method on any data set (using any programming language).
6. Consider a thin metal plate that occupies the triangular region R in the
 xy-plane with vertices at $(0,0),(2,0)$, and $(0,3)$. The temperature on the plate is given by $T(x, y)=x^{2}+y^{2}$, where x and y are the
coordinates of a point. Find the average temperature over the region R .
7. A water tank has the shape of a hemisphere with a radius of 4 meters. The tank is filled with water up to a height of $h$ meters. Find the total weight of the water in the tank using a double integral, assuming the density of water is constant.
8. Find the mass and centre of gravity of a triangular lamina with vertices $(0,0),(2,1),(0,3)$ if the density function is $f(x, y)=x+y$.
9. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB) to approximate the intersections of the curves $\mathrm{y}=\sin \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x} / 2$, and then approximate the volume of the solid in the first octant that is below the surface $z=\sqrt{1+x+y}$ and above the region in the xy-plane that is enclosed by the curves.
10. Team Work: The following initial steps can be used to express a triple integral over a solid G as an iterated triple integral: First project G onto one of the coordinate planes to obtain a region R , and then project R onto one of the coordinate axes. Describe how you would use these steps to find the limits of integration. Illustrate your discussion with an example using any software. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the procedure.
11. A heat-seeking particle is located at the point $(2,3)$ on a flat metal plate whose temperature at a point $(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})$ is $T(x, y)=10-8 x^{2}-2 y^{2}$. Find an equation for the trajectory of the particle if it moves continuously in the direction of maximum temperature increase.
12. A vector field $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z})=(\mathrm{y}, \mathrm{x}, 2 \mathrm{z})$ represents the velocity of a fluid flow in three-dimensional space. Determine the divergence and curl of F, and interpret the physical meaning of these vector operations.
13. A vector field $F(x, y, z)=\left(x^{2}, x y, y z\right)$ represents a force field in threedimensional space. Show that $F$ is conservative and find a potential function for $F$. Also, evaluate the work done by F along a curve C from point $A(1,2,0)$ to point $B(3,1,4)$.
14. Visualize any five vector fields relevant to your domain using CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB).
15. Team Work: Suppose that C is a circle in the domain of a conservative non zero vector field in the xy-plane whose component functions are continuous. Explain why there must be at least two points on C at which the vector field is normal to the circle. Also, illustrate using figures drawn in any software. Does the result remain true if the circle C is replaced by a square? Explain. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution.
16. Suppose we have a region R in the xy -plane bounded by a simple closed curve C . The temperature distribution in this region is given by the function $T(x, y)=2 x^{2}-3 y^{2}$. Calculate the total heat flux across the boundary curve C using Green's theorem.
17. Find the outward flux of the vector field $F(x, y, z)=z \hat{k}$ across the sphere $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=a^{2}$ using divergence theorem.
18. Calculate the work done by force field $F(x, y, z)=2 x \boldsymbol{i}+3 y \boldsymbol{j}+4 z \boldsymbol{k}$




## SYLLABUS

## MODULE I : Oscillations and Wave Motion (7 hours)

## Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator

Damped harmonic oscillator: derivation of equation of motion and its solution, under damped oscillators; energy decay in damped harmonic oscillator, Quality factor (qualitative)- Forced harmonic oscillator: equation of motion and its solution (No derivation), Amplitude resonance - Electrical analogy of mechanical oscillators - Numerical problems.

## Transverse waves in one dimension

Transverse and Longitudinal waves - Transverse waves on a stretched string; the wave equation on a string, derivation for the velocity and frequency of transverse vibrations on a stretched string- Numerical problems.

## MODULE II : Wave Optics (7 hours)

## Interference of light by amplitude splitting

Interference of reflected light in thin films; Interference in thin films (Cosine law); Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference - Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire - Antireflection coatings

- Numerical problems.


## Diffraction of light

Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction - Diffraction grating -Grating equation - Rayleigh's criterion for limit of resolution - Resolving power of a grating with expression (no derivation), Comparison of interference and diffraction - Numerical problems.

MODULE III : Quantum Mechanics for Engineers (8 hours)

## Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation

Wave-Particle dualism; de Broglie hypothesis, de-Broglie wavelength - Wave function ; Admissibility conditions, Physical significance, Probability density, Normalization condition - Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation - Time independent Schrödinger wave equation.

## Applying the Schrodinger equation

Particle in a one-dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave function, concept of quantum number, Quantum mechanical tunnelling (qualitative) - Numerical problems.

## MODULE IV : Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory (7 hours)

Physics of gradient, divergence and curl - Gauss's divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem- Equation of continuity, Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum - Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic wave equation in free space, velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space, Poynting's theorem (Qualitative) - Numerical problems.

## MODULE V: Introduction to Solids (7 hours)

Pauli's exclusion principle - Particle in a three-dimensional box; expression for Energy Eigen value and normalized wave function - Concept of quantum state and degeneracy - The density of states; Expression for density of states for a spinless particle, density of states for an electron. Effective mass concept (qualitative). Numerical problems.

## Text books

1. M.N.Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar, TVS Arun Murthy "A Text book of Engineering Physics", S.Chand \&Co., Revised Edition 2019.
2. H.K.Malik, A.K. Singh, "Engineering Physics" McGraw Hill Education, Second Edition 2017.

## Reference books

1. Arthur Beiser, "Concepts of Modern Physics ", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 6th Edition 2003.
2. D. .K. Bhattacharya, Poonam Tandon, "Engineering Physics", Oxford University Press, 2015.
3. Md.N.Khan \& S.Panigrahi "Principles of Engineering Physics $1 \& 2$ ", Cambridge University Press, 2016.
4. Aruldhas G., "Engineering Physics", PHI Pvt. Ltd., 2015.
5. Ajoy Ghatak, "Optics", Mc Graw Hill Education, Sixth Edition, 2017.
6. Premlet B., "Advanced Engineering Physics", Phasor Books, 11 th edition ,2021.
7. I. Dominic and. A. Nahari, "A Text Book of Engineering physics", Owl Books Publishers, Revised edition, 2016.
8. H.D Young and R.A Freedman, University Physics with Modern Physics 2020, 15th Edition, Pearson, USA.
9. Introduction to solid state devices, B Premlet, Phasor Books.
10. Griffiths "Introduction to Electrodynamics" 4th Edition, Pearson.

| COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | No. of Hours [36] |
| MODULE 1: Oscillations and Wave Motion (7 hours) |  |  |
| 1.1 | Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator. <br> Damped harmonic oscillator: derivation of equation of motion and its solution, under damped oscillators; energy decay in damped harmonic oscillator. | 1 |
| 1.2 | Quality factor (qualitative), Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 1.3 | Forced harmonic oscillator: equation of motion and its solution (No derivation). | 1 |
| 1.4 | Amplitude resonance, Numerical problems | 1 |
| 1.5 | Electrical analogy of mechanical oscillators - Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 1.6 | Transverse waves in one dimension <br> Transverse and Longitudinal waves - Transverse waves on a stretched string; the wave equation on a string, derivation for the velocity and frequency of transverse vibrations on a stretched string. | 1 |
| 1.7 | Numerical problems. | 1 |
| MODULE II: Wave Optics (7 hours) |  |  |
| 2.1 | Interference of light by amplitude splitting <br> Interference of reflected light in thin films; Interference in thin films (Cosine law). |  |
| 2.2 | Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference, Numerical problems | 1 |
| 2.3 | Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire | 1 |
| 2.4 | Antireflection coatings - Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Diffraction of light <br> Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction - Diffraction grating -Grating equation. | 1 |
| 2.6 | Rayleigh's criterion for limit of resolution - Resolving power of a grating with expression (no derivation), Numerical problems. | 1 |


| 2.7 | Comparison of interference and diffraction, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODULE III: Quantum Mechanics for Engineers (8 hours) |  |  |
| 3.1 | Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation <br> Wave-Particle dualism; de Broglie hypothesis, de-Broglie wavelength, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 3.2 | Wave function; Admissibility conditions, Physical significance, Probability density, Normalization condition. | 1 |
| 3.3 | Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation. | 1 |
| 3.4 | Time independent Schrödinger wave equation (no derivation). | 1 |
| 3.5 | Applying the Schrodinger equation <br> Particle in a one-dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave function, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 3.6 | Concept of quantum numbers. | 1 |
| 3.7 | Quantum mechanical tunnelling (qualitative). | 1 |
| 3.8 | Numerical problems. | 1 |
| MODULE IV: Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory ( 7 hours) |  |  |
| 4.1 | Physics of gradient, divergence and curl, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 4.2 | Gauss's divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem- Equation of continuity. | 1 |
| 4.3 | Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum (first two equations). | 1 |
| 4.4 | Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum (third and fourth equations). | 1 |
| 4.5 | Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic wave equation in free space. | 1 |
| 4.6 | Velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 4.7 | Poynting's theorem (Qualitative) - Numerical problems. | 1 |
| MODULE V: Introduction to Solids (7 hours) |  |  |
| 5.1 | Pauli's exclusion principle. | 1 |
| 5.2 | Particle in a three-dimensional box. | 1 |
| 5.3 | Expression for Energy Eigen value and normalized wave function. | 1 |


| 5.4 | Concept of quantum state and degeneracy. | 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 5.5 | The density of states; Expression for density of states for a <br> spinless particle. | 1 |
| 5.6 | Density of states for an electron. | 1 |
| 5.7 | Effective mass concept (qualitative). Numerical problems. | 1 |

## LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Oscillations | 4 | 1. Resonance phenomenon in mechanical oscillators. <br> 2. LCR Circuit - Forced and damped harmonic oscillations. |
| 2 | Waves | 4 | 1. Melde's $\omega_{2}$ string apparatusMeasurement of frequency in the transverse mode. <br> 2. Melde's string apparatusMeasurement of frequency in the longitudinal mode. |
| 3 | Interference | $4$ | 1. Wave length measurement of a monochromatic source of light using Newton's Rings method. <br> 2. Determination of diameter of a thin wire or thickness of a thin strip of paper using air wedge method. |
| 4 | Diffraction | 4 | 1. Determination of resolving power of a plane transmission grating. <br> 2. Determination of the wavelength of laser source using diffraction grating. |
| 5 | Quantum |  | 1. Determination of the particle size of lycopodium powder. <br> 2. Numerical demonstration of the discrete energy levels and wavefunctions using Schrodinger equation. (e.g., Particle in a box problem) |
| 6 | Electromagnetic Theory | 4 | 1. Determine the characteristics of EM waves using Hertz experiment. <br> 2. Determination of Numerical aperture of optic fiber using Laser. |

(Any 6 experiments to be completed)

| CO Assessment Questions |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1) Compute the frequency and Quality factor for an LCR circuit with $\mathrm{L}=$ $2 \mathrm{mH}, \mathrm{C}=5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $\mathrm{R}=0.2 \Omega$. <br> 2) Frame any five numerical problems on oscillations with different difficulty levels and solve them. <br> 3) Identify the applications of the theory of oscillations in the field of engineering and prepare a Power Point presentation on any one system which failed in applying the theory of damped or forced oscillation. (Eg: Failed due to damping, resonance etc.) <br> 4) Determine experimentally the characteristics of an LCR oscillator. |
| 2 | 1) Light of wavelength $6000 A^{\circ}$ falls normally on a wedge-shaped film. The two plates touch at one and are separated at 10 cm from that end by a wire. If the bandwidth of interference pattern is 0.05 mm , find the diameter of the wire. <br> 2) Design any three numerical problems on Interference and implement these using any one programming language and submit the source code and output. <br> 3) Write a brief report on the limitations of any one optical instrument used in engineering systems. <br> 4) Determine experimentally the wavelength of a laser source using diffraction grating. |
| 3 | 1) Apply the appropriate Schrodinger equation and compute the first three energy eigen values and wave functions of a particle trapped inside a well. <br> 2) Make a video demonstrating any one Engineering System in which classical physics failed to give a perfect design and was designed with the aid of Quantum Mechanics. |
| 4 | 1) Determine the velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space using Maxwell's equations. <br> 2) Create a quiz based on numerical problems from electromagnetic theory using appropriate tool. |
| 5 | 1) Determine experimentally the wavelength of a standard laser source using diffraction grating arrangement. <br> 2) Determine experimentally the NA of an optic fibre cable. |


| 23EST | FUNDAMENTALS OF <br> ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | Year of <br> Introduct <br> ion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Preamble: | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | 2023 |

To provide the students with fundamental knowledge in the field of Electrical Engineering. This course will enable the students to analyze electrical and magnetic circuits. The students will be able to choose appropriate electric machines for various applications.

## Prerequisite:Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to




## MODULE III: Introduction to Power Systems

Three Phase System:
Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire systems, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in three phase circuits; definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections; Power in balanced three phase circuits Numerical Problems

Power transmission and distribution: Typical electrical power transmission scheme, need for high voltage transmission, substation equipment, primary and secondary transmission and distribution systems.

## MODULE IV: DC Machines and Transformers

DC Machines: Working principle of DC generator; Types and constructional features; EMF equation of generator, Voltage equations and effects of armature reaction; working principle of DC motor; Significance of Back EMF, torque equation; Types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications; Necessity of a starter for DC motor;

Transformer: Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types), emf equation, losses, efficiency, and voltage regulation

## MODULE V: AC Machines and Renewable Power

Three Phase Synchronous Generators: Principle of operation; Types and constructional features; EMF equation

Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field; Principle of operation, types and constructional features; Slip and its significance; Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors; Necessity of a starter, stardelta starter.

Renewable Power Generation:
Introduction to Wind, Solar, Fuel cell, Tidal and Geo thermal; Concept of cogeneration, and distributed generation.

## Text books

1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
3. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019

## Reference books

1. W. H. Hayt, Jr J. E. Kemmerly and S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 7th Edn TMH, 2010.
2. Electrical Engineering Fundamental, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
4. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehata, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
5. M.S.Sukhija and T.K.Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
6. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
7. NPTEL course on Basic Electrical Technology, Prof. G. D. Roy, IIT Kharagpur.

|  | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No |  |  |
| - |  |  |




| CO 2 | How is transformer behaving as a magnetic isolator? |
| :--- | :--- |
| CO 3 | A sinusoidal voltage $\mathrm{V}=240 \angle 15^{0}$ of frequency 50 Hz is applied to a series <br> RL circuit consisting of $\mathrm{R}=10 \Omega$ and $\mathrm{L}=0.25 \mathrm{H}$. Calculate (i) rms current <br> and its phase angle (ii) power factor (iii) average power (iv) reactive power <br> and (v) apparent power drawn by the circuit. |
| CO 3 | Submit a report on, case study of an AC circuit application |
| CO 3 | Circuit De-bugging competition |
| CO 4 | Derive the emf equation of a transformer |
| CO 5 | Justify the necessity of starters in three phase induction motor |




## SYLLABUS

## MODULE I: Use of Language in communication

Significance of Technical communication- Technical vocabulary used in formal letters, emails, reports, misspelled words, synonyms, antonyms, and paraphrasing.

Grammar- Subject-verb agreement, reported speech, active-passive voice, use of adjectives and adverbs, prepositions.

## MODULE II: Oral Presentation

Voice Modulation, tone, Intonation, pronunciation, presentation skills, public speaking skills, Types of presentations, the use of visuals in presentation, debate, G.D., brainstorming, body language, and audience analysis.

## MODULE III: Interview Skills

Interview skills: Objectives and types of interviews, preparing for interview, interview etiquette, dress code, body language, online interview, panel interview, one-to-one interview, FAQ'S related to job interviews, and answering strategies.

## MODULE IV: Formal Writing

Formal Writing: Letter- Formal, informal, and semi-formal. Email, Job application letters, C.V., Resume, and Biodata, minutes preparation, different types of reports, common errors in writing, use of sequence words, and Statement of purpose.

Reference styling, IEEE format, bibliography, analytical and issue-based essay writing, plagiarism.

## MODULE V: Reading Comprehension and Listening skills

Reading, comprehension, and summarizing: Reading Styles, speed reading, critical reading, reading and comprehending longer and shorter technical articles from journals and newspapers, SQ3R method, PQRST method, identifying transitions of text, note taking.

Listening skills: Active and Passive listening, listening for general content, listening for specific information, developing effective listening skills, barriers to effective listening, listening to longer technical talks and classroom lectures, TED talks, taking notes while listening.

## Text books / Reference books

1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeetha Sharma, Technical Communication: Principles and Practice, 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ edition, Oxford University Press, 2015
2. Anderson, P.V, Technical Communication, Thomas Wadsworth, Sixth edition, New Delhi, 2007
3. English for Engineers and Technologists (Combined edition, Vol, 1 and 2), Orient Blackswann 2010
4. Seely, John, The Oxford Guide to Writing and Speaking, Oxford university Press, 1997
5. Ganguly, Anand, Success in Interview, RPH, Fifth edition, 2006
6. Effective Communication Skills. Kul Bhushan Kumar, Khanna Book Publishing, 2022.
7. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
8. Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan. 2007
9. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
10. Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
11.Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and Pushplata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
11. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

## NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses for reference:

1. English Language for Competitive Exams Prof. Aysha Iqbal IIT Madras
2. Technical English for Engineers Prof. Aysha Iqbal IITM


| 2.6 | Brainstorming | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODULE III |  | 6 Hrs |
| 3.1 | Objectives of Interview, types of Interviews | 1 |
| 3.2 | Preparation strategies for attending interview | 1 |
| 3.3 | Dress code and body language for interviews. | 1 |
| 3.4 | Interview Etiquettes | 1 |
| 3.5 | FAQs related to job interviews | 1 |
| 3.6 | Strategies for different types of interviews- Online interview, panel interview, one-to-one interview. | 1 |
|  | MODULE IV | 9 Hrs |
| 4.1 | Formal, informal, and semi-formal letters | 1 |
| 4.2 | Email Writing and etiquette | 1 |
| 4.3 | Application letter, email. | 1 |
| 4.4 | C.V, Resume, Biodata - introduction and differences | 1 |
| 4.5 | C.V, Resume, Biodata writing process | 1 |
| 4.6 | Minutes preparation | 1 |
| 4.7 | Types of reports, use of sequence words | 1 |
| 4.8 | Statement of purpose, referencing style, bibliography. | 1 |
| 4.9 | IEEE format, plagiarism, issue-based essay writing. | 1 |
|  | MODULE | 6 Hrs |
| 5.1 | Reading Styles | 1 |
| 5.2 | Speed reading, critical reading | 1 |
| 5.3 | Comprehending longer and shorter technical articles from journals and newspaper | 1 |
| 5.4 | Reading methods, SQ3R and PQRST methods, identifying transitions in text | 1 |
| 5.5 | Active and Passive listening, Listening for general and specific content | 1 |
| 5.6 | Barriers to effective listening. | 1 |

## LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Difference between literary and technical writing style | 1 | Writing exercises for both creative and technical writing that highlight Grammatical and linguistic differences between two. |
| 2 | Presentation | 3 | Create and present a PPT based on a given topic. |
| 3 | Group Discussion |  | Group discussion and debate based on a given topic. |
| 4 | Voice modulation, tone, and intonation |  | Analyze a given video presentations of |
| 5 | Effects of body language in presentation and public speaking. |  | experts based on the concepts learned. |
| 6 | Interview Skills | 1 | Mock Panel Interview |
| 7 | Interview body language and etiquette | 1 | Analyze the given videos of both mock/ original job interviews based on the concepts learned. |
| 8 | Report writing | 1 | Writing exercises for different types of reports. |
| 10 | Comprehension exercise |  | Comprehend articles from scientific journals. |
|  |  |  | Comprehend articles from newspapers. |
| 11 | Listening exercise - 1 | $1$ | Answering the Question / Note Making from TED talks. |
| 12 | Listening exercise - 2 | 1 | Write the subtitles and lyrics from the English movie clips and songs provided |


| CO Assessment Questions |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| CO1 | 1. Find the word with the correct spelling from the following list <br> a) Accommodate b) Acommodate c) Accomadate d) Acomodate <br> 2. Which word in the following list is closest to the meaning of the word |


|  | 'gloomy' <br> a) Happy b) Sad c) Enthralled d) elated. <br> 3. Select the most suitable preposition for the sentence from the following list <br> I was born $\qquad$ May (in / on / at) <br> My friend lives $\qquad$ Beach Road (in/on/at) |
| :---: | :---: |
| CO2 | 1. What is the significance of body language in presentation? <br> 2. Explain the strategies to improve your Debate skills. <br> 3. How important is visual aid for presentations? <br> 4. As a student who presented a slide presentation, how will you respond to a disturbed audience? |
| CO3 | 1. Explain the significance of non- verbal communication in interviews. <br> 2. What are the differences that you will make while attending an online interview instead of an off line interview. <br> 3. How will you politely respond to a question asked to you in an interview to which you don't know the answer? <br> 4. As a viewer of the mock interview conducted in the class, what were the do's and don'ts to be followed in an interview. |
| CO4 | 1. What are the differences between a C.V., Resume and Biodata? <br> 2. Write an email to the manager of ABC Technologies asking for an opportunity to be included in their internship program <br> 3. What are the different types of reports? |
| C05 | 1. What is critical reading? What are the advantages of critical reading over speed reading? <br> 2. Write down the lyrics of the song as you hear it. <br> 3. Write a synopsis of the journal article that you just read. |




Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems, Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter.

Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions.

## MODULE II: Microcontroller Programming

Embedded C programming: Working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. Interfacing a 8 -bit LCD to Arduino, Running message display.

Sensor/Actuator Interface: Temperature Sensor, LDR based sensor, IR and Ultrasonic sensors, Relay, LED, Servomotor.

## MODULE III: PCB Designing and Prototyping

Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. Design any two simple circuit using Easy EDA/Eagle/Flat CAM, Routing and Generating GERBER file.

PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques, PCB Chemical Etching/Milling

## MODULE IV: << Modelling, Slicing, Cutting, Routing >>

3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing, 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD, Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, CNC Routing, Tool familiarization

## MODULE V: << Documentation and version control Tools >>

Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, Google Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites, Creating Google sheets, Google slides, Google forms and Google sites

Doxygen - Overview, Installation, Getting started, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, Grouping, Including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing, Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation,

## Reference books

1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Workshop / Manufacturing Practices (with Lab Manual), Khanna Book Publishing
2. All-in-One Electronics Simplified, A.K. Maini; 2021. ISBN-13: 9789386173393, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
3. Simplified Q\&A - Data Science with Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Deep Learning, Rajiv Chopra, ISBN: 978-9355380821, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
4. 3D Printing \& Design, Dr. Sabrie Soloman, ISBN: 978-9386173768, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
5. The Big Book of Maker Skills: Tools \& Techniques for Building Great Tech Projects. Chris Hackett. Weldon Owen; 2018. ISBN-13: 978-1681884325.
6. The Total Inventors Manual (Popular Science): Transform Your Idea into a TopSelling Product. Sean Michael Ragan (Author). Weldon Owen; 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1681881584.
7. Make: Tools: How They Work and How to Use Them. Platt, Charles. Shroff/Maker Media. 2018. ISBN-13: 978-9352137374
8. The Art of Electronics. 3rd edition. Paul Horowitz and Winfield Hill. Cambridge University Press. ISBN: 9780521809269
9. Practical Electronics for Inventors. 4th edition. Paul Sherz and Simon Monk. McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 978-1259587542
10. Encyclopedia of Electronic Components (Volume 1, 2 and 3). Charles Platt. Shroff Publishers. ISBN-13: 978-9352131945, 978-9352131952, 9789352133703
11. Building Scientific Apparatus. 4th edition. John H. Moore, Christopher C. Davis, Michael A. Coplan and Sandra C. Greer. Cambridge University Press. ISBN-13: 978-0521878586
12. Programming Arduino: Getting Started with Sketches. 2nd edition. Simon Monk. McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 978-1259641633
13. Make Your Own PCBs with EAGLE: From Schematic Designs to Finished Boards. Simon Monk and Duncan Amos. McGraw Hill Education. ISBN-13: 978-1260019193.
14. Pro GIT. 2nd edition. Scott Chacon and Ben Straub. A press. ISBN-13: 9781484200773
15. Venuvinod, PK., MA. W., Rapid Prototyping - Laser Based and Other Technologies, Kluwer.
16. Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker., "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", Springer, 2010
17. Chapman W.A.J, "Workshop Technology", Volume I, II, III, CBS Publishers and distributors, 5th Edition,2002

| COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | No. of Hours [19] |
| MODULE 1 |  |  |
| 1.1 | Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems, | 1 |
| 1.2 | Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter. | 1 |
| 1.3 | Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions. | 1 |
|  | M MODULE II $\quad$ - |  |
| 2.1 | Embedded C programming: Working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT. | 1 |
| 2.2 | Embedded C programming: digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. | 1 |
| 2.3 | Embedded C programming: Interfacing a 8 bit LCD to Arduino, Running message display |  |
| 2.4 | Sensor/Actuator Interface: Temperature Sensor, LDR based sensor, IR and Ultrasonic sensors, Relay, LED, Servomotor Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. Routing and Generating GERBER file | 1 |
|  | MODULE III |  |
| 3.1 | Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. | 1 |
| 3.2 | Routing and Generating GERBER file | 1 |
| 3.3 | PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques, PCB Chemical Etching/Milling | 1 |
| MODULE IV |  |  |
| 4.1 | 3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing | 1 |
| 4.2 | 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD |  |


| 4.3 | Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, | 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 4.4 | CNC Routing Tool familiarisation |  |
| MODULE V | 1 |  |
| 5.1 | Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, | 1 |
| 5.2 | Google Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites | 1 |
| 5.3 | Doxygen - Overview, Installation, Getting started, Documenting <br> the code, Markdown support, Lists, | 1 |
| 5.4 | Doxygen - Grouping, including formulas, Including tables, Graphs <br> and diagrams, Preprocessing | 1 |
| 5.5 | Doxygen - Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, <br> Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation |  |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT


| 5 | Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. | 6 | Design any two simple circuit using Easy EDA/ Eagle/ FlatCAM <br> Routing and Generating GERBER file |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques | 2 | Experiments with PCB Chemical Etching/Milling |  |
| 7 | 3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing, 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD, Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, CNC Routing, Tool familiarization |  | Machining of 3D geometry on soft material such as soft wood or modelling wax, <br> 3D scanning of computer mouse geometry surface. 3D printing of scanned geometry. <br> 2D profile cutting of press fit box/casing in acrylic (3 or 6 mm thickness)/cardboard,D profile cutting on plywood /MDF ( $6-12 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) for press fit designs |  |
| 8 | Familiarization of $\quad$ Google Docs, Google $\quad$ Sheets, Google Slides, Google, Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites |  | Exercise for creating Google sheets, Google slides, Google forms and Google sites |  |
| 9 | Doxygen - Overview, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, Grouping, Including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing, Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation. |  | Doxygen -Instal <br> Getting started Document the progr created for Raspberry Arduino using Doxyge |  |
|  | Familiarisation of Version control tools - GIT and GitHub |  | At least two progra programming exercises be done using GitHub |  |
| PROJECT |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Design and implementation of a project involving embedded hardware, software and machined or 3D printed enclosure. |  |  | 13 |
|  | Documentation of the above project (Report and video) |  |  | 8 |


| 23HUL111/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23HUL211 | DESIGN THINKING | L | T | P | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | Year Of <br> Introduction |
|  | ( | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | $\mathbf{1}$ | 2023 |  |

Preamble: This course enables the students to understand the fundamentals of design thinking and use the basic tools, techniques \& approaches. The various topics covered in this syllabus are: An Insight to Learning, Basics of design thinking, Being ingenious and fixing problems, Prototype and testing, Design thinking and customer centricity. This course helps the learners to apply design thinking approach while developing practical solutions for real world problems.

## Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

| CO1 | Compare and classify the various learning styles and memory techniques and <br> apply them in their engineering education. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{C O 2}$ | Analyze emotional experience and inspect emotional expressions to better <br> understand users while designing innovative products |
| $\mathbf{C O 3}$ | Develop new ways of creative thinking and learn the innovation cycle of <br> design thinking process for developing innovative products. |
| $\mathbf{C O 4}$ | Propose solutions for real-world engineering problems by applying creative <br> design thinking |
| $\mathbf{C O 5}$ | Perceive individual differences and its impact on everyday decisions thereby <br> lead and/or perform in a design team |
| $\mathbf{C O 6}$ | Perform customer centric designing by intelligently accommodating customer <br> requirements/challenges so as to eventually improve customer experience |
| $\mathbf{C O 7}$ | Develop new designs for simple products using bio-mimicry to bring out new <br> nature inspired designs |
| $\mathbf{C O 8}$ | Solve practical engineering problem through innovative product design and <br> creative solution |

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | P05 | PO6 | PO7 | P08 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO2 |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| C03 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| C04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| C05 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| C06 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |



An Insight to Learning - Understanding the Learning Process, Kolb's Learning Styles, Assessing and Interpreting. Remembering Memory - Understanding the Memory process, Problems in retention, Memory enhancement techniques, Emotions: - Experience \& Expression, Understanding Emotions- Experience \& Expression, Assessing Empathy, Application with Peers.

Basics of Design Thinking - Definition of Design Thinking, Need for Design Thinking,

Objective of Design Thinking, Concepts \& Brainstorming, Stages of Design Thinking Process (explain with examples) - Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test

Being Ingenious \& Fixing Problem - Understanding Creative thinking process, Understanding Problem Solving, Testing Creative, Problem Solving, Process of Product Design - Process of Engineering Product Design, Design Thinking Approach, Stages of Product Design, Examples of best product designs and functions, Assignment - Engineering Product Design

Prototyping \& Testing - What is Prototype? Why Prototype? Rapid Prototype Development process, Testing, Sample, Example, Test Group Marketing, Celebrating the Difference - Understanding Individual differences \& Uniqueness, Group Discussion and Activities to encourage the understanding, acceptance and appreciation of Individual differences

Design Thinking \& Customer Centricity - Practical Examples of Customer Challenges, Use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience, Parameters of Product experience, Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product Design, Feedback, Re-Design \& Re-Create Feedback loop, Focus on User Experience, Address "ergonomic challenges, User focused design, rapid prototyping \& testing, final product, Final Presentation - "Solving Practical Engineering Problem through Innovative Product Design \& Creative Solution".

## Text books

1. YousefHaik, Sangarappillai Sivaloganathan, Tamer M. Shahin, Engineering Design Process, Cengage Learning 2003, Third Edition, ISBN-10: 781305253285,
2. Voland, G., Engineering by Design, Pearson India 2014, Second Edition, ISBN 9332535051

## Reference books

1. Philip Kosky, Robert Balmer, William Keat, George Wise, Exploring Engineering, Fourth Edition: An Introduction to Engineering and Design, Academic Press 2015, 4th Edition, ISBN: 9780128012420.
2. Clive L. Dym, Engineering Design: A Project-Based Introduction, John Wiley \& Sons, New York 2009, Fourth Edition, ISBN: 978-1-118-32458-5
3. Nigel Cross, Design Thinking: Understanding How Designers Think and Work, Berg Publishers 2011, First Edition, ISBN: 978-1847886361
4. Pahl, G., Beitz, W., Feldhusen, J., Grote, K.-H., Engineering Design: A Systematic Approach, Springer 2007, Third Edition, ISBN 978-1-84628-3192

## Reference materials

1. Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business or Design School, https://www.amazon.in/Design-Thinking-Strategic-Innovation-Business/dp/8126572698/
2. Don't Make Me Think, Revisited: A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability (3rd Edition), https://www.amazon.in/Dont-Make-Think-RevisitedUsability/dp/9332542864/
3. Design as Art (Penguin Modern Classics) https://www.amazon.in/Design-Art-Penguin-Modern-Classics/dp/0141035811/
4. Hooked: How to Build Habit-Forming Products ₹ 368 https://www.amazon.in/Hooked-How-Build-Habit-FormingProducts/dp/0241184835/
5. Emotional Design https://www.amazon.in/Emotional-Design-DonNorman/dp/0465051367/
6. Value Proposition Design: How to Create Products and Services Customers Want https://www.amazon.in/Value-Proposition-Design-ProductsCustomers/dp/8126553073/
7. The Art Of Creative Thinking , https://www.amazon.in/Art-Creative-Thinking-Rod-Judkins/dp/1444794485/
8. Lateral Thinking: A Textbook of Creativity, https://www.amazon.in/Lateral-Thinking-Creativity-Edward-Bono/dp/0241257549/
9. This is Service Design Thinking: Basics, Tools, Cases , https://www.amazon.in/This-Service-Design-ThinkingBasics/dp/1118156307/
10.The Design of Business, https://www.amazon.in/Design-Business-Roger-LMartin/dp/1422177807/
11.The Design Thinking Playbook: Mindful Digital Transformation of Teams, Products, Services, Businesses, and Ecosystems https://www.amazon.in/Design-Thinking-Playbook-TransformationBusinesses/dp/1119467470/
12.Thinking, Fast and Slow (Penguin Press Non-Fiction) https://www.amazon.in/Thinking-Fast-Penguin-Press-NonFiction/dp/0141033576/
\(\left.\begin{array}{|c|l|}\hline No. LIST OF EXPERIMENTS <br>
\hline Experiments <br>
Topic: An Insight to Learning, Remembering Memory, Emotions: <br>
Experience \& Expression. <br>
1. Group discussion/ Video presentation that addresses the concepts <br>
that shall be conveyed through the following questions. <br>
a) How learning happens? <br>
b) What are the main components of Kolb's cycle of experiential <br>
learning and examples? <br>
c) What is the memory process? <br>
d) What are the different memory enhancement techniques? <br>
e) What is the need for understanding emotions? <br>
f) Identify the different ways of assessing empathy and applying <br>
them among peers. <br>
g) Assume you got a chance to teach capitals of different <br>
countries in a UKG class. Illustrate what different memory <br>

enhancement techniques you will use through a role play.\end{array}\right\}\)| 2. Each team member of the group lists your positive and negative |
| :--- |
| emotions. Among team members, discuss how each one of you |
| manage each emotions. (Like finding happiness, escaping from |
| sadness, managing anger, Facing fear, Overcoming shame etc you |
| can put more questions). After the discussion did you get some |
| technique to manage your emotion in a better way? |


|  | b) What are the different stages of design thinking process? <br> c) How does the design thinking approach help engineers in creating innovative and efficient designs? <br> d) How can the engineers arrive at better designs utilizing the iterative design thinking process (in which knowledge acquired in the later stages can be applied back to the earlier stages)? <br> e) Describe the design thinking process using appropriate examples. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Topic: - Activities on becoming Ingenious to Apply Design Thinking to Solve Real-world Problems. <br> Take up a real-world problem and apply creative thinking design to solve them. Make a video presentation based on your work that shall include the answer to following questions. <br> a) What is creative thinking process? <br> b) How can you describe the process of problem solving with examples? <br> c) How creative thinking process helps in problem solving? <br> d) How to test the efficacy of creative problem solving process? |
| 4 | Topic :- Perform Designing of an Innovative Product- <br> i) Perform group discussion on following points <br> a) How is engineering product design different from other kinds of design? <br> b) Where and when do engineers perform product design? <br> c) What are the different stages of product design? <br> d) What are the different examples for best product designs and functions? <br> ii) Based on the concepts learned, design an innovative product in your mind and give presentation. |
| 5 | Topic: - Learn the Prototype Development Process and Testing. <br> Illustrate the following concepts using appropriate tools. <br> a) How to predict whether the design will function well or not? <br> b) How do mathematics and physics become a part of the design process? <br> c) What is Prototype? Why it is needed? <br> d) What is rapid prototype development process? <br> e) List the different methods in which the prototype of a product can be generated and tested. |
| 6 | Topic- Active Learning the Process of Divergent-Convergent Thinking and Designing in a Team: <br> 1. Perform group discussion and/or other activities within a design team to refine and narrow down to the 'best design'. Create a report which specifies, how you identified and managed the following questions during the design. <br> a) Describe how to create a number of possible designs and then |


|  | how to refine and narrow down to the 'best design'? <br> b) Why differences and uniqueness of individuals arise while designing in a team? <br> c) How to manage conflicts in a design team? <br> d) What is the need for different ways for communicating any design such as graphical, oral, written, presentation, models, prototypes, and so on? |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Topic: - End User Feedback to Improve Design <br> Synthesize End User Feedback to Improve Design Solution you identified in the exercise number 6. |
| 8 | Topic: - Develop Nature-inspired Designs utilizing Bio-mimicry, aesthetic, ergonomic and life cycle design approach: <br> i) Class discussion to understand the following concepts <br> a) What is the significance of Modular Design, Life Cycle Design Approaches in Design? <br> b) How does the intelligence in nature inspire engineering designs? Give examples <br> c) How do aesthetic and ergonomic challenges modify designs? <br> d) How do concepts like value engineering, concurrent engineering and reverse engineering influence engineering designs? <br> ii) Based on the understanding you acquired through discussion develop new designs for simple products using bio-mimicry so as to bring out new nature inspired designs. |
| 9 | Topic: - Use Feedback to Improve Designs through Re-Design and Recreate. <br> Get feedback of your any one of the earlier design exercises from the rest of the student groups and redesign accordingly. Also <br> i) Answer the following questions <br> a) How feedbacks can improve designs? How user experience helps the re-design? <br> b) What is a typical feedback loop in design process? <br> c) What is user focused design? <br> d) What is the role of rapid prototyping \& testing in developing the final design of products? <br> ii) Make a presentation to show the process of redesigning of an existing product based on feedbacks. |
| 10 | Topic: - Applications of Design Thinking <br> Make presentation to illustrate that it is possible to provide innovative solutions for practical problems through Design Thinking |


| $23 C S T 105$ | LOGIC SYSTEM DESIGN | L | T | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | Year of <br> Introduction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2023 |  |

Preamble: This course enables the students to get an insight into the design of digital systems foundation and a cohesive understanding of how a computer works. This course covers functional units of a computer and different number systems, their representations and conversion, boolean functions, combinational and sequential circuits, shift registers and counters. This course helps the learners to prepare for advanced digital system studies and carrier opportunities.

## Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to
Describe functional units of a computer and different number systems, their CO 1 representations and conversion (Understand level).

Demonstrate the simplification of Boolean Function and design of suitable CO 2 combinational circuit using Logic Gates (Apply level).
CO 3 Explain the design of basic combinational circuits (Understand level).
CO 4 Describe the design of basic sequential circuits (Understand level).
CO 5 Explain shift registers and counters (Understand level).

|  | $\Xi$ |  |  | CO - PO MAPPING |  |  |  |  |  | PO10 PO11 | PO12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 |  |  |  |
| CO 1 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | 1 |  | \% |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 2 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | M | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 3 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 4 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 5 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  |  |  | A | sess | ment $P$ | atter |  |  |  |  |
| Bloom's Category |  |  |  | Continuous Assessment Tools |  |  |  |  |  | End Semester Examination |  |
|  |  |  |  | Test1 |  | Test 2 | 0 | her too |  |  |  |  |
| Remember |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Understand |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Apply |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Analyse |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Evaluate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Create |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Mark Distribution of CIA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] |  | Theory [L- T] |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { H } \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 100 |
| Total Mark distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total Marks } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | CIA (Marks) <br> 100 | ESE (Marks) |  | ESE Duration |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SYLLABUS

## MODULE I: Basic structure of computers and Number conversions ( $\mathbf{6} \mathbf{~ h r s )}$

Basic Structure of Computers: Functional units of a Computer, Basic operational concepts, Von Neumann Architecture. Data Representation: Binary Numbers Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representations. Number base conversionsDecimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers, Signed binary numbers, r's Complements and ( $r-1$ )'s complement, Excess- 3 code, Gray code, ASCII code, EBCDIC.

MODULE II: Boolean expressions and functions ( $6 \mathbf{h r s}$ )
Boolean Expressions, Boolean functions, Simplification of Boolean Functions using SOP and POS. Logic gates, universal logic gates, Minimization of Logic expressions using Karnaugh map and Tabulation method.

## MODULE III: Combinational Circuits ( 5 hrs )

Combinational Circuits- Binary Adder, Subtractor, BCD Adder, Comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Code Converters.

## MODULE IV: Sequential Circuits ( 5 hrs )

Sequential Circuits- Flip-flops: RS, JK, D, T flip flops, Master-slave flip flops, Edgetriggered flip-flops. Design of counters.

## MODULE V: Registers and Counters (4 hrs)

Registers and Counters - Shift registers, Universal Shift register, Binary and BCD up counters (Synchronous and Asynchronous), Ring counter, Johnson counter (timing diagram).

## Text books

1. Anita Goel, Computer Fundamentals, Pearson, 2010.
2. M. Morris Mano, Digital Logic \& Computer Design, 4/e, Pearson Education, 2013.
3. Thomas L Floyd, Digital Fundamentals, 10/e, Pearson Education, 2009.
4. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, 3/e, Pearson Education, 2007.

## Reference books

1. Donald D Givone, Digital Principles and Design, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
2. "Computer Organisation \& Architecture", Smruti Ranjan Sarangi, McGraw Hill, 2014.

## NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses

1. Digital Systems Design, Prof. D. Roychoudhury, IIT Kharagpur.
2. Digital System Design, Prof. Neeraj Goel, IIT Ropar.

|  | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. |  | No. of <br> Hours <br> $(26)$ |  |
| 1.1 | Basic Structure of Computers: Functional units of a Computer |  |  |
| 1.2 | Basic Structure of Computers: Basic operational concepts, Von <br> Neumann Architecture | 1 |  |
| 1.3 | Number base conversions- Decimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal <br> Numbers | 1 |  |
| 1.4 | Data Representation: Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point <br> Representations. | 1 |  |
| 1.5 | Signed binary numbers, r's Complements and (r-1)'s complement | 1 |  |
| 1.6 | Excess-3 code, Gray code, ASCII code, EBCDIC | 1 |  |
| 2.1 | Boolean Expressions, Boolean functions. | 1 |  |
| 2.4 | Simplification of Boolean Functions using SOP | 1 |  |
| 2.3 | Simplification of Boolean Functions using POS | 1 |  |
| 2.4 | Logic gates, universal logic gates | 1 |  |
| 2.5 | Minimization of Logic expressions using Karnaugh map | 1 |  |
| 2.6 | Minimization of Logic expressions using Tabulation method | 1 |  |


| MODULE III |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.1 | Combinational Circuits- Binary Adder, Subtractor | 1 |
| 3.2 | BCD Adder, Comparator | 1 |
| 3.3 | Decoders, Encoders | 1 |
| 3.4 | Multiplexers, Demultiplexers | 1 |
| 3.5 | Code Converters | 1 |
| MODULE IV |  |  |
| 4.1 | Sequential Circuits- Flip-flops: RS flip flops | 1 |
| 4.2 | Sequential Circuits- Flip-flops: JK flip flops | 1 |
| 4.3 | Sequential Circuits-D, T flip flops | 1 |
| 4.4 | Master-slave flip-flops, Edge-triggered flip-flops | 1 |
| 4.5 | Design of counters | 1 |
|  |  |  |
| 5.1 | Shift registers, Universal Shift register | 1 |
| 5.2 | Binary and BCD up counters (Synchronous and As | 1 |
| 5.3 | Ring counter | 1 |
| 5.4 | Johnson counter (Timing diagram) | 1 |
| CO Assessment Questions <br> 1. The 16 -bit 2 's complement representation of an integer is 111111 |  |  |
| 1 | 1. The 16 -bit 2 's complement representation of an integer is 11111111 1111 0101. Find its decimal, octal, hexadecimal representations. <br> 2 . Let the representation of a number in base 3 be 210 . What is the hexadecimal representation of the number? <br> 3. Consider the equation $(43) x=(y 3)_{8}$ where $x$ and $y$ are unknown. Find x and y . <br> 4. Consider the equation $(123)_{5}=(\mathrm{x} 8)_{\mathrm{y}}$ where x and y are unknown. Find the number of possible solutions. |  |
| 2 | 1. Let $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z})=\sum(0,4,5,7,8,9,13,15)$. Which of the following expressions are NOT equivalent to $f$ ? <br> (P) $x^{\prime} y^{\prime} z^{\prime}+w^{\prime} x y^{\prime}+w y^{\prime} z+x z$ <br> (Q) $w^{\prime} y^{\prime} z^{\prime}+w x^{\prime} y^{\prime}+x z$ <br> (R) $w^{\prime} y^{\prime} z^{\prime}+w x^{\prime} y^{\prime}+x y z+x y^{\prime} z$ <br> (S) $x^{\prime} y^{\prime} z^{\prime}+w x^{\prime} y$ ' $+w ' y$ <br> 2. What is the minimum number of gates required to implement the Boolean function $(\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{C})$ if we have to use only 2 -input NOR gates? <br> 3. Which one of the following expressions does NOT represent exclusive NOR of $x$ and $y$ ? |  |

(a) $x y+x^{\prime} y^{\prime}$
(b) $x \oplus y^{\prime}$
(c) $x^{\prime} \oplus y$
(d) $x^{\prime} \oplus y^{\prime}$
4. What is the Boolean expression for the output $f$ of the combinational logic circuit of NOR gates given below?


1. Design a Gray to binary code converter using a $4 \times 1$ MUX. Draw the circuit diagram and explain.
2. Suppose only one multiplexer and one inverter are allowed to be used to implement any Boolean function of $n$ variables. What is the minimum size of the multiplexer needed?
3. Design a Full adder circuit using NAND gate only.
4. Design a magnitude comparator to check whether two numbers are equal or not.
5. Write the characteristics equation, excitation table of $\mathrm{SR}, \mathrm{T}$ and D flip flops.
6. In a $J-K$ flip-flop, we have $J=Q$ ' and $K=1$ (see figure). Assuming the flip-flop was initially cleared and then clocked for 6 pulses, find the sequence at the Q output.

7. A three bit pseudo random number generator is shown below. Initially the value of output $\mathrm{Y}_{2} \mathrm{Y}_{1} \mathrm{Y}_{0}$ is set to 111 . Find the value of $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$ after three clock pulses.

8. The outputs of the two flip flops Q 1 and Q 2 in the figure shown are initialized to 0, 0. Find the sequence generated at Q1 upon the application of clock signal.


| $23 E S L 106$ | INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING <br> FRAMEWORKS | L | T | P | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | Year of <br> Introduction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | O | $\mathbf{0}$ | 2 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 2 | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ |  |

Preamble: This course enables the students to investigate the features of python as a tool and comprehend its applicability in diverse domains of Computer Science and Engineering. The topics covered in the course are: Setting up the python environment, Data structures with Library functions, Data plotting and visualization, Basic Data analysis functions, Database interface with structured and non-structured Databases, Dealing with text, image and audio data representations, Interface with OS and networking modules. It helps the learners to use the features of this language while developing python based real world applications and to implement research-based projects.

## Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to
Identify the necessary packages and set up a programming development environment. [Understand Level)

| $\mathbf{C O 2}$ | Describe the development of GUI using packages and modules to facilitate <br> interactive programming [Understand Level] |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{C O 3}$ | Explain about appropriate packages and functions available in python to <br> implement basic data structures and related operations. <br> Level] |
| $\mathbf{C O 4}$ | Illustrate processing and analysis of data graphically and statistically with <br> appropriate packages and functions [ Understand Level] |
| $\mathbf{C O 5}$ | Implement front end and database interface with <br> structured Database. [ Understand Level] |
| $\mathbf{C O 6}$ | Discuss the processing of text, image and audio data representation using <br> python. [ Understand Level] |
| $\mathbf{C O 7}$ | Explain about OS and networking modules in python. [Understand Level] |

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO2 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| C03 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO5 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO6 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |




Setting up the environment: IDE setup, Package installation, GUI Development: Python Tkinter familiarization with GUI components. Data structures with Library functions: NumPy, Special Library functions in Python. Data plotting and visualization: Familiarization of Python Matplotlib components. Basic Data analysis functions: Statistical analysis and introduction to data distributions. Data processing and graphical analysis: Pandas for storing, accessing and basic preprocessing tasks. Database interface with structured and non-structured Databases: MySQL and MongoDB Database connectivity and data access/manipulation operations, dealing with text, image and audio data representations: Image processing using OpenCV and Python, NLTK, Speech Recognition and Audio Signal Processing in Python, Interface with OS and networking modules: Python Networking, Sending mails, Internet accessing and OS interface functions.

## Text books

1. Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to Programming by Eric Matthes.
2. Python Cookbook by David Beazley, Brian K. Jones.
3. Learn Python the Hard Way: A Very Simple Introduction to the Terrifyingly Beautiful World of Computers and Code, Third Edition, Zed Shaw.

## Reference books

1. The Python Bible 7 in 1: Volumes One To Seven, Florian Dedov.
2. Publishing Python Packages, Dane Hillard, Manning Publications.
3. Intuitive Python: Productive Development for Projects that Last, David Muller, The Pragmatic Bookshelf.

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

| No. | Experiments |
| :---: | :---: |
| I | Setting up the environment |
|  | Install Anaconda, Jupyter Notebook, Spider and necessary packages like NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn, scikit-learn, NLTK, etc |
| II | GUI Development-Python Tkinter |
|  | Write Python GUI programs to <br> 1. Import Tkinter package and create a window. Set its title and add a label to the window. Also create two buttons welcome and exit inside the window. <br> 2. Create a Combo box with three options and a Check button widget using the tkinter module. <br> 3. Create three single line text-box to accept your name, branch and year from the user using the tkinter module. <br> 4. Create (a) a Scrolled Text widget (b) Progress bar widget and (c) List box bar widget using tkinter module <br> 5. Create a Text widget using the tkinter module. Insert a string at the beginning then insert a string into the current text. Delete the first and last character of the text. |
| III | Data structures with Library functions |
|  | 1. Create Numpy arrays for Integer, Float, String, Boolean, and Complex data types. <br> 2. Perform Reshape, Join and Split operations in the arrays. <br> 3. Perform Search and Sort operations in Numpy arrays <br> 4. Use random module to generate random numbers, 1-D and 2-D random arrays, shuffle and make a choice of random element from them. <br> 5. Generate the following distributions using random module and visualize them using seaborn module: Normal, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Logistic, Exponential, Chi-Square, etc. |
| IV | Data plotting and visualization |
|  | 1. Generate a simple graph using Matplotlib. Also add titles and labels to the graph. <br> 2. Generate a bargraph using matplotlib which shows the comparison of girls and boys opting for higher studies abroad over the last five years. <br> 3. Using matplotlib generate a histogram to classify the population |


|  | according to their age into five different bins. <br> 4. Generate a piechart with matplotlib which shows the household <br> expenses for a month. <br> 5. Take any two plots from above exercises and plot it in a single figure <br> using subplot function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data analysis functions |  |



| CO Assessment Questions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Create a conda development environment installed with necessary <br> packages for the development of an application dealing with Student data. |  |  |
| 2 | Create a registration form for enrolling into a course using python tkinter. <br> The form should contain fields for entering your name, email id, <br> gender(button), country (drop down menu) and course(checkbox). If any <br> field is left empty proper warning message should be displayed. |  |  |
| 3 | a) Write a NumPy program to compute the mean, standard deviation, and <br> variance of a given array along the second axis. |  |  |




| Total Mark distribution |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | - | - |

## SYLLABUS- DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTS

Familiarize the concepts and features associated with web, Basic concepts in HTML and designing of simple web pages using HTML Tags, Images, Hyperlinks, List, Tables, Frame set and Form controls, Format the style of web pages using Cascading Style sheets and explore the basic concept of Bootstrap responsive framework.

## Text books

1. Robert. W. Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

## Reference books

4. Deitel, Goldberg, "Internet \& World Wide Web How To Program", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
5. Jeffrey C.Jackson, "Web Technologies-A Computer Science Perspective", Pearson Education, 2006.
6. Marty Hall and Larry Brown, "Core Web Programming" Second Edition, Volume I and II, Pearson Education, 2001.

| No. | Expt OF EXPERIMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | Familiarize the concepts and features associated with web. |
| HTML Basics- Tags, Images, Hyperlinks |  |


|  | $a_{0}+a_{1} x+a_{2} x^{2}+a_{3} x_{3}$ <br> (iv) Write a HTML program for demonstrating Hyperlinks. <br> a. Navigation from one page to another. <br> b. Navigation within the page. <br> (v) Design an HTML page to put an image in Marquee. <br> (vi) Create a Gallery page that contain <br> (a) At least 10 images with proper order. <br> (b) Every image must have alt attribute with proper meaningful text. <br> (c) Every image size should be as given below <br> (i) Width $=25 \%$ <br> (ii) Height: 220 (pixel) <br> (ix) Create an HTML page with red background with a message "Warning" in large size blinking. Add scrolling text "Read the message" below it. |
| :---: | :---: |
| III | HTML Lists <br> (i) Create an HTML document that describes an unordered list of at least four states. Each element of the list must have a nested list of at least three cities in the state. <br> (ii) (a) Create an HTML document that describes an ordered list of your five favorite movies. <br> (b) Modify the list of ii. (a) to add nested, unordered lists of at least two actors and/or actresses in your favorite movies <br> (iii) Design an HTML page to display the following. <br> (iv) Write HTML code to generate following output. $\square$ <br> (v) Design the following web pages using HTML |


|  | HTML Cooking School <br> Recipes <br> Since this is an HTML uttorial, all links go to the sponge recipe. Just thought I'd wam you. |
| :---: | :---: |
| IV | HTML Tables <br> (i) (a) Create an HTML document that describes a table with the following contents: The columns of the table must have the headings "Pine", "Maple", "Oak", and "Fir". The rows must have the labels "Average Height", "Average Width", "Typical Life Span", and "Leaf Type". You can make up the data cell values. <br> (b) Modify the HTML document from i. (a) that adds a secondlevel column label, "Tree", and a second-level row label, "Characteristics". <br> (ii) Design an HTML page to display your class time table using tables. <br> (iii) Create an HTML document that defines a table with two levels of column labels: an overall label, "Meals", and three secondary labels, "Breakfast", "Lunch", and "Dinner". There must be two levels of row labels: an overall label, "Foods", and four secondary labels, "Bread", "Main Course", "Vegetable", and "Dessert". The cells of the table must contain a number of grams for each of the food categories. Use row span and column span properties. |
| V | HTML Frame set |
|  | (i) Write an HTML Form to generate the following output <br> (ii) Write a HTML code to generate following output |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| VI | HTML Form Controls |
|  | (i) Design an HTML document that has a form with the following controls: <br> a. A text box to collect the user's name <br> b. Four checkboxes, one each for the following items: <br> i. Four 100 -watt light bulbs for $\$ 2.39$ <br> ii. Eight 100 -watt light bulbs for $\$ 4.29$ <br> iii. Four 100-watt, long-life light bulbs for $\$ 3.95$ <br> iv. Eight 100-watt, long-life light bulbs for $\$ 7.49$ <br> c. A collection of three radio buttons that are labeled as follows: <br> i. Visa <br> ii. Master Card <br> iii. Discover <br> d. Two Buttons SAVE and CANCEL <br> (ii) Design a static Student Registration Form including the personal details and educational qualifications. |
| VII | Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) |
|  | (i) Familiarize the need of CSS and its types for styling HTML web pages. <br> (ii) Create HTML document that displays a table of football scores from a collegiate football conference in which the team names have one of the primary colors of their respective schools. The winning scores must appear larger and in a different font than the losing scores. The team names must be in a script font. <br> (iii) Create an HTML document that describes nested ordered lists of cars. The outer list must have three entries: compact, midsize, and sports. Inside each of these three lists there must be two sub lists of body styles. The compact- and midsize-car sub lists are two door and four doors; the sports-car sub lists are coupe and convertible. Each body-style sub list must have at least three |


|  | entries, each of which is the make and model of a particular car that fits the category. The outer list must use uppercase Roman numerals, the middle lists must use uppercase letters, and the inner lists must use Arabic numerals. The background color for the compact-car list must be pink; for the midsize-car list, it must be blue; for the sports-car list, it must be red. Use the concept of Document \& External style sheet. <br> (iv) Create an HTML document that has six short paragraphs of text that describe various aspects of the state in which you live. You must define three different paragraph styles, $\mathrm{p} 1, \mathrm{p} 2$, and p 3 . The p1 style must use left and right margins of 20 pixels, a background color of pink, and a foreground color of blue. The p2 style must use left and right margins of 30 pixels, a background color of black, and a foreground color of yellow. The p3 style must use a text indent of 1 centimetre, a background color of green, and a foreground color of white. The first and fourth paragraph must use p 1 , the second and fifth must use p 2 , and the third and sixth must use p3. <br> (v) Create and test an HTML document that describes an unordered list of at least five popular books. The bullet for each book must be a small image of the book's cover. Find the images on the Web. <br> (vi) Create an input with a visual, non-editable prefix. <br> +20 2542541111 <br> (vii) Create an HTML document that <br> (a) fades out the siblings of a hovered item. <br> (b) create a checkerboard background pattern and a zigzag background pattern <br> (c) create a zoom in zoom out animation |
| :---: | :---: |
| VIII | Bootstrap Framework |
|  | Familiarization of Responsive CSS Frameworks - Bootstrap |
| IX | Webpage Creation (Use the concept of HTML, CSS, Bootstrap) |
|  | Design the following static web pages required for an online book store web site. <br> 1. HOME PAGE <br> 2. LOGIN PAGE <br> 3. CATOLOGUE PAGE <br> 4. CART PAGE <br> 5. REGISTRATION PAGE <br> 1. HOME PAGE: The static home page must contain three frames. |



| CO Assessment Questions |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Create the following web page using HTML coding. |




| 23MAP200 |  | ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND TRANSFORMS [Circuit branches] |  |  |  |  |  | L | P | J | S | C | Year <br> Introduc | of ction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 2023 |  |
| Preamble: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| This course is to familiarize prospective engineers with some advanced concepts and methods in Mathematics which include ordinary differential equations, partial differential equations, and basic transforms such as Laplace and Fourier Transforms and Fourier series which are invaluable for any engineer's mathematical toolbox. The topics treated in this course have applications in all branches of engineering. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prerequisite: Calculus of single and multivariable functions and partial differentiation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solve homogeneous and non-homogeneous linear differential equations <br> CO 1 with constant coefficients (Apply level). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 2 | Apply Laplace transforms to solve ordinary differential equations arising in engineering (Apply level). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 3 | Develop the given functions as Fourier series expansions and apply them to solve problems arising in engineering (Apply level). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 4 | Determine Fourier transforms of functions and learn their applications (Apply level). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 5 | Use the concept of $Z$ - transforms to solve practical problems (Apply level). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO - PO MAPPING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO | PO1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 |  |  | PO9 |  | PO1 | 10 PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 2 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 3 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 5 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Assessment Pattern for Theory component |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bloom's Category |  |  |  | Continuous Assessment Tools |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | End Semester Examination |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Test 1 | Test 2 |  |  | Other tools |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Remember |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Understand |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |



## SYLLABUS

## MODULE I: (Ordinary differential equations)

(Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 2.1, 2.2, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.10, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3)
Homogenous linear differential equation of second order, superposition principle, general solution, homogenous linear ODEs with constant coefficients-general solution. Solution of Euler-Cauchy equations (second order homogeneous only). Non-homogenous linear ODEs-general solution, solution by the method of undetermined coefficients (for the right-hand side of forms $x^{n}, e^{k x}, \operatorname{sinax}, \cos a x, e^{a x} \operatorname{sinax}, e^{a x} \cos a x$ and their linear combinations), method of variation of parameters. Solution of higher order equations-homogeneous linear ODE with constant coefficients.

## MODULE II: (Laplace transforms)

(Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 6.1,6.2,6.3,6.4,6.5)
Laplace Transform and its inverse, Existence theorem (without proof), linearity, Laplace transform of basic functions, first shifting theorem, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, solution of differential equations using Laplace transform, Unit step function, Second shifting theorem. Convolution theorem (without proof) and its application to finding inverse Laplace transform of products of functions.

## MODULE III: (Fourier Series)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 9.8, 9.9. Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 11.1, 11.2,11.6)

Taylor series (without proof, assuming the possibility of power series expansion in appropriate domains), Binomial series and series representation of exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic functions (without proofs of convergence); Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series (without proof), half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem (without proof).

## MODULE IV: (Fourier Transforms)

(Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 11.7,11.8, 11.9)
Fourier integral representation, Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier sine and cosine transforms, inverse sine and cosine transform. Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, basic properties.

## MODULE V: (Z -Transforms)

(Text 3: Relevant portions of sections (23.1, 23.2, 23.3, 23.4, 23.5.23.6, 23.7, 23.8, 23.12, 23.15, 23.16)

Introduction to Z-transform, definition, some standard Z-transforms - and their inverses, linearity property, damping rule, some standard results, convolution,
region of convergence of two-sided $Z$-transforms, evolution of inverse $Z$ - transform using partial fraction.

## Text books

1. H. Anton, I. Biven S.Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, $10^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2015.
2. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley, $10^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2015.
3. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Edition, 2018

## Reference books

9. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition, 2017
10.G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
11.Peter O Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 7th Edition, Thomson, 2007.
12.Louis C Barret, C Ray Wylie, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill, $6^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2003.
13.Veerarajan T, "Engineering Mathematics for first-year", Tata McGraw - Hill, 2008.
14.Srimanta Pal, Subodh C. Bhunia, "Engineering Mathematics", Oxford University Press, 2015.
15.Ronald N. Bracewell, "The Fourier Transform and its Applications", McGraw Hill International Editions, 2000.
16.Prof. Haynes Miller, Prof. Arthur Mattuck, Differential Equations [MITOPENCOURSEWARE] https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-03-differential-equations-spring-2010/download/(Relevant sections)
17.Prof. Alan V. Oppenheim, Signals and Systems [MITOPENCOURSEWARE] https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/res-6-007-signals-and-systems-spring2011/pages/introduction/ (Relevant sections).

| COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | No. of Hours |
| MODULE 1 |  |  |
| 1.1 | Homogenous linear equation of second order, Superposition principle, general solution | 1 |
| 1.2 | Homogenous linear ODEs of second order with constant coefficients. | 1 |
| 1.3 | Homogenous linear ODEs of second order with constant coefficients (continued). | 1 |
| 1.4 | Second order Euler-Cauchy equation | 1 |


| 1.5 | Non-homogenous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficient-solution by undetermined coefficients. | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.6 | Non-homogenous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficient-solution by undetermined coefficients | 1 |
| 1.7 | Variation of parameters | 1 |
| 1.8 | Higher-order equations with constant coefficients | 1 |
| 1.9 | Higher-order equations with constant coefficients | 1 |
| MODULE II |  |  |
| 2.1 | Laplace Transform, Inverse Transform, Linearity | 1 |
| 2.2 | First shifting theorem, transform of basic functions | 1 |
| 2.3 | Transform of derivatives and integrals | 1 |
| 2.4 | Solution of Differential equations, Initial value problems by Laplace transform method. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Solution of Differential equations, Initial value problems by Laplace transform method. (Continued) | 1 |
| 2.6 | Unit step function -Second shifting theorem | 1 |
| 2.7 | Unit step function -Second shifting theorem (Continued) | 1 |
| 2.8 | Convolution and related problems. | 1 |
| 2.9 | Convolution and related problems (Continued). | 1 |
| 3.1 | Taylor series, Binomial series. | 1 |
| 3.2 | Taylor series, Binomial series (continued) | 1 |
| 3.3 | Series representation of exponential, trigonometric, and logarithmic functions | 1 |
| 3.4 | Fourier series, Euler formulas | 1 |
| 3.5 | Fourier series, Euler formulas (Continued) | 1 |
| 3.6 | Convergence of Fourier series (Dirichlet's conditions). | 1 |
| 3.7 | Half-range sine and cosine series | 1 |
| 3.8 | Half-range sine and cosine series (Continued) | 1 |
| 3.9 | Parseval's theorem. | 1 |


| MODULE IV |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.1 | Fourier integral representation | 1 |
| 4.2 | Fourier integral representation (Continued) | 1 |
| 4.3 | Fourier Cosine and Sine integrals | 1 |
| 4.4 | Fourier Cosine and Sine integrals (Continued) | 1 |
| 4.5 | Fourier Cosine and Sine transform | 1 |
| 4.6 | Fourier Cosine and Sine transform (Continued) | 1 |
| 4.7 | Fourier transforms and its inverse transforms, basic properties. | 1 |
| 4.8 | Fourier transforms and its inverse transforms, basic properties (Continued) | 1 |
| 5.1 | Z-transform, some standard Z-transforms - and their inverses | 1 |
| 5.2 | Z-transform, some standard Z-transforms - and their inverses <br> (Continued) | 1 |
| 5.3 | Linearity property, damping rule | 1 |
| 5.4 | Linearity property, damping rule (Continued) | 1 |
| 5.5 | Some standard results | 1 |
| 5.6 | Convolution | 1 |
| 5.7 | Region of convergence of two-sided Z -transforms | 1 |
| 5.8 | Region of convergence of two-sided $Z$-transforms (Continued) | 1 |
| 5.9 | Evolution of inverse Z- transform using partial fraction | 1 |
| 5.10 | Evolution of inverse Z- transform using partial fraction (Continued) | 1 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Basics for solving ODE | 2 | Basic Integration, differentiation, |
| 2 | Solution Curves of ODE | 1 | operations and plotting solution curves of ODE using MATLAB/Scilab. |
| 3 | Solution of ODE using Simple Integrals | 2 | Find solutions of differential equations using simple integrals. |
| 4 | Analytic Solution of ODE | 2 | Evaluating analytic solutions of ODE and apply them to solve engineering problems |
| 5 | Laplace Transforms | 3 | Evaluating Laplace transforms of different functions. |
| 6. | Inverse Laplace Transforms | $3$ | Evaluating inverse Laplace transforms of different functions. |
| 7. | Heaviside functions, Dirac delta function, and Ramp function. | 2 | Laplace transforms of Heaviside functions, Dirac delta function, and ramp function. |
| 8. | Applications of Laplace Transform | 2 | Solving ODE using transforms. |
| 9. | Fourier Series | 2 | Evaluating Fourier series of different functions. |
| 10. | Fourier Transforms | 2 | Evaluating Fourier transforms of different functions. |
| 11. | Z- Transforms | $2$ | Evaluating Z transforms of different functions. |


| CO Assessment Questions |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 1. Solve $y^{\prime \prime}-y=0$ for the initial conditions $y(0)=1, y^{\prime}(0)=-1$. Then <br> change the initial conditions to $y(0)=1.001, y^{\prime}(0)=-0.999$ and explain <br> why this small change of 0.001 causes a larger change later. Sketch the <br> graph of the solution in both cases using any Mathematical software <br> and comment. |
|  |  |

the U.S. and Canada; in Europe it would be 220 V and 50 Hz ). Assume that current and capacitor charge are 0 when $t=0$.
3. Solve the differential equation of $y^{\prime \prime \prime}-3 y^{\prime \prime}+3 y^{\prime}-y=e^{x}-x-1$.
4. Team Work: A $10-\mathrm{kg}$ mass is attached to a spring having a spring constant of $140 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$. The mass is started in motion from the equilibrium position with an initial velocity of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ in the upward direction and with an applied external force given by $\sin t$ (in newtons). The mass is in a viscous medium with a coefficient of resistance equal to 90 N -sec m. Formulate an initial value problem that models the given system; solve the model and interpret the results. Also include MATLAB code for solving ODE. Prepare a short report on the problem highlighting the observations you made and interpretation of the results.

1. Using convolution, determine the response of the damped mass-spring system modeled by $y^{\prime \prime}+3 y^{\prime}+2 y=r(t), r(t)=1$ if $1<t<2$ and 0 otherwise, $y(0)=y^{\prime}(0)=0$.
2. Solve differential equation $9 y^{\prime \prime}+6 y^{\prime}+y=0, y(0)=3, y^{\prime}(0)=1$ using Laplace transforms. Use any mathematical software find the solution and compare the solutions.
3. Team Work: Find at least two applications of Laplace transforms in the engineering domain. Prepare a short report and a presentation of the same.
4. Use Maclaurin series of $\ln (1+x),-1<x \leq 1$ to find an approximate value of $\ln 2$.
5. Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x)=x^{2},-2 \leq x<2, f(x+4)=$ $f(x)$. Hence using Parseval's identity prove that $1+\frac{1}{2^{4}}+\frac{1}{3^{4}}+\cdots=\frac{\pi^{4}}{99}$.
6. Team Work: Find the Fourier series of the function obtained by passing the voltage $v(t)=V_{0} \cos 100 \pi t$ through a half-wave rectifier that clips the negative half-waves.
(a) Write a program for obtaining partial sum of the Fourier series so obtained.
(b) Choose the first 5 or more partial sums until they approximate the given function reasonably well. Compare and comment.
7. Find Fourier cosine transform and sine transform of any function. Write a short report on ways of obtaining these transforms, with illustrations by examples of your own.
8. Find the Fourier integral representation of function defined by $f(x)=$ $e^{-x}$ for $x>0$ and $f(x)=0$ for $x<0$.
9. Team Work: What are the conditions for the existence of Fourier Transform of a function $f(x)$ and write at least two applications of Fourier transform in engineering domain. Sketch the function and its transform using any mathematical software.
5
10. Find $Z$ - transform of the function $\sin (3 n+5)$.
11. Find the $Z$ - transform and region of convergence of $u(n)={ }^{n} C_{k}, n \geq k$.
12. Team Work: Create a group of at least 8 students and identify an

|  | application of Z-transform in real life. Solve the problem using any <br> mathematical software and comment on the result. Prepare a short <br> report. |
| :--- | :--- |


| 23 CYP203 | ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY <br> (Circuit Branches) | L | T | P | $\mathbf{J}$ | S | C | Year of <br> Introduction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | 2 | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ |  |

Preamble: Enable the students to build a solid foundation in fundamentals of chemistry, to correlate theoretical concepts with their industrial/engineering applications and to get hands-on laboratory experience on the principles discussed in theory sessions. The course imparts knowledge on various important topics like atomic and molecular structure, electrochemistry, etc., as they apply to the field of engineering and to familiarize the students with different application-oriented topics like spectroscopy, molecular electronics, nanomaterials, etc. It helps the learners to prepare them for advanced concepts in chemistry and to do interdisciplinary research.

Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Chemistry
Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to
CO1 Illustrate molecular orbital energy level diagram of diatomic molecules [Understand level]

CO2 Identify the suitable spectroscopy technique for the characterization of engineering materials and interpret spectral data. [Apply level]

CO3 Design electrochemical cells, compare the working of different electrochemical energy storage devices and describe corrosion control methods [Understand level]

CO4 Use the basic concepts of conducting polymers to design polymer based electronic devices [Apply level]
CO5 Recognize proper synthetic methods and describe applications of nanomaterials in science and engineering [Apply level]

CO6 Interpret molecular/system properties, gain skills to synthesize materials and carryout quantitative chemical analysis [Apply level]

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | P09 | PO10 | P011 | PO12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 2 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 3 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 5 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 6 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Assessment Pattern for Theory component |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bloom's Category |  |  |  | Continuous Assessment Tools |  |  |  |  | End Semester |  |  |  |



| PATTERN$2$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [ $5 \times 8=40$ mark |  |
| YLLABUS |  |  |  |
| MODULE I: ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR STRUCTURE |  |  |  |
| Atomic and molecular orbitals - Postulates of molecular orbital theory - Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO) - Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules - Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ - Metallic bonding - Limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT) - Introduction to Crystal Field Theory (CFT) - Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures. |  |  |  |
| MODULE II: SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATI |  |  |  |
| Introduction to spectroscopy - Beer Lambert's law (Numericals)- UV-vis spectroscopy (introduction, various electronic transitions and applications)-Vibrational spectroscopy (introduction, Number of vibrational modes of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, applications) - Surface characterization techniques: introduction and applications of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and Auger electron spectroscopy (AES) - Diffraction: introduction and applications of X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) |  |  |  |
| MODULE III: ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION |  |  |  |
| Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells Daniel cell - Redox reactions - Cell representation - Construction and working of Calomel electrode-Electrochemical series and its applications Nernst Equation (Derivation not required) - Single electrode and cell (Numericals) - Applications - Primary cells and secondary cells with examples - Construction and working of Lithium-ion cell - Introduction to fuel cell - Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion - Galvanic series Cathodic protection. |  |  |  |
| MODULE IV: MOLECULAR ELECTRONICS |  |  |  |
| Charge transport carriers - soliton, polaron, bipolaron - Conducting polymers - intrinsically and extrinsically conducting polymers - Polyaniline, Polyacetylene, Poly (p-phenlylene) and Polypyrrole - Preparation, properties and applications - OLED - Principle, construction and advantages Photoresist for electronics - Introduction to molecular devices based on conducting polymers (Field-effect transistor, Biosensors) |  |  |  |

## MODULE V: NANOMATERIALS

Nanomaterials - Definition - Unique characteristics - Top-down and bottom-up approach for synthesis (Brief explanation) - Chemical methods of preparation - Hydrolysis, Reduction, Chemical vapor deposition (CVD) Characterization techniques - Principle and instrumentation (block diagram) of Scanning electron Microscope (SEM) and Transmission electron microscope (TEM)- - Introduction and applications of Graphene, Carbon nanotube, Quantum dots, MXenes, Metal organic framework.

## Text books

1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Chemistry - I with Lab Manual, Khanna Book Publishing.
2. Engineering Chemistry, by Manisha Agrawal.
3. University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan.
4. Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane.
5. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell.
6. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S. Krishnan.
7. Physical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins.
8. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, Shashi Chawla
9. NANO: The Essentials: Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, by T. Pradeep

## Reference books

1. Muhammed Arif, Annette Fernandez, Kavitha P. Nair, Engineering Chemistry, Owl Books, 2019.
2. Ahad J., Engineering Chemistry, Jai Publication, 2019.
3. Roy K. Varghese, Engineering Chemistry, Crownplus Publishers, 2019.
4. Soney C. George \& Rino Laly Jose, Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand \& Company Pvt Ltd, 2019.
5. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, DhanpatRai Publishers, 17th Edition, 2018.
6. Wiley India, Engineering Chemistry, ISBN 9788126543205

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE

| No. | MODULE 1 | No. of <br> Hours |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Atomic and molecular orbitals - Postulates of molecular orbital <br> theory 1 <br> 1.2 Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO) |  |  |


| 1.3 | Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules- Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.4 | Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 1 |
| 1.5 | Metallic bonding - Limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT) | 1 |
| 1.6 | Introduction to Crystal Field Theory (CFT) | 1 |
| 1.7 | Band structure of solids | 1 |
| 1.8 | Role of doping on band structures | 1 |
| MODULE II |  |  |
| 2.1 | Introduction to spectroscopy | 1 |
| 2.2 | Beer Lambert's law (Numericals), UV-vis spectroscopy introduction | 1 |
| 2.3 | Various electronic transitions - applications | 1 |
| 2.4 | Vibrational spectroscopy - introduction, | 1 |
| 2.5 | Number of vibrational modes of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ - applications | 1 |
| 2.6 | Surface characterization techniques: introduction and applications of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and Auger electron spectroscopy (AES) | 1 |
| 2.7 | Diffraction: introduction and applications of X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) | 1 |
|  | MODULE III |  |
| 3.1 | Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells - Daniel cell - Redox reactions | 1 |
| 3.2 | Cell representation - Construction and working of Calomel electrode | 1 |
| 3.3 | Electrochemical series and its applications | 1 |
| 3.4 | Nernst Equation (derivation not required) - Single electrode and cell (Numericals) - Applications | 1 |
| 3.5 | Primary cells and secondary cells with examples - Construction and working of Lithium-ion cell | 1 |
| 3.6 | Introduction to fuel cell - Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion | 1 |


| 3.7 | Galvanic series - cathodic protection. | 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 4.1 | MODULE IV | 1 |
| 4.2 | Conducting polymers - intrinsically and extrinsically conducting <br> polymers | 1 |
| 4.3 | Polyaniline, Polyacetylene, Poly (p-phenlylene) and Polypyrrole - <br> Preparation, properties and applications | 1 |
| 4.4 | OLED - Principle, construction and advantages | 1 |
| 4.5 | Photoresist for electronics | 1 |
| 4.6 | Introduction to molecular devices based on conducting polymers | 1 |
| 4.7 | Field-effect transistor, Biosensors | 1 |
| 5.1 | Nanomaterials - Definition - Unique characteristics | 1 |
| 5.2 | Top-down and bottom-up <br> explanation) - Chemical methods of preparation - Hydrolysis | 1 |
| 5.3 | Chemical methods of preparation - Reduction, Chemical vapor <br> deposition (CVD) | 1 |
| 5.4 | Characterization techniques - Principle and instrumentation <br> (block diagram) of Scanning electron Microscope (SEM | 1 |
| 5.5 | Principle and instrumentation (block diagram) of Transmission <br> electron microscope (TEM) | 1 |
| 5.6 | Introduction and applications of Graphene, Carbon nanotube | 1 |
| 5.7 | Introduction and applications of Quantum dots, MXenes, Metal <br> organic framework | 1 |

## LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

(Any 7 experiments to be conducted)

| No. | Topic <br> Hours | Experiment |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |  | Experiment 1: Estimation of iron from iron <br> ore/alloy <br> Experiment 2: Determination of cell constant <br> and conductivity of solutions |
| 2 |  |  |  |


|  |  |  | Experiment 18: Chemical oscillations- Iodine <br> clock reaction. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| CO Assessment Questions |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Illustrate why the molecular orbital energy level diagram for $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ is different from $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ |
| 2 | a) Choose a molecule. Find its IR spectrum from the web using any one of the following sources (i) AIST: Spectral Database for Organic Compounds (SDBS), https://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre_index.cgi (ii) NIST chemistry webbook, https://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/ (iii) Sigma Aldrich, https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/IN/en (iv) KnowItAll, https://www.knowitallanyware.com/\#search. Interpret the spectrum in your own words highlighting how you can elucidate the structure of the molecule of your choice from the spectrum. <br> b) Compare XPS and AES techniques and identify when each testing method is used. |
| 3 | a) Write the cell reactions of the following cell. $\mathrm{Cd} / \mathrm{CdSO}_{4}(0.01) / /$ $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}(0.5 \mathrm{M}) / \mathrm{Cu}$. Sketch the electrochemical cell. <br> b) Prepare a presentation on the topic "Energy storage devices; past, present and future" <br> c) Write a report on the topic "Corrosion Control in Industry" |
| 4 | a) Prepare a table comparing various charge transport carriers in polymers <br> b) Prepare a power point presentation on conducting polymer-based biosensors |
| 5 | a) Compare top-down and bottom-up methods for nanomaterial synthesis. <br> b) Write a report on the role of nanotechnology in your branch of engineering <br> c) Group discussion on "can nanotechnology offer solutions to environmental issues" |
| 6 | a) Estimate the amount of iron from iron ore using volumetric and potentiometric titrations, compare the results and identify which technique is more accurate. <br> b) Collect water from three different sources. Measure their conductivity and pH and interpret the results. |




End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 2 questions will be given from <br> each module, out of which 1 <br> question should be answered. <br> Each question can have a <br> maximum of 2 sub divisions. |  |

MODULE I : Basics of Computer Hardware and Software (7 hours)
Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor, Memory, Input\& Output devices. Application Software $\&$ System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages, Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart, Algorithms, Pseudo code (bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode).

## MODULE II : Program Basics (8 hours)

Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types, Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf. Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators, Operators Precedence. Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements.(Simple programs covering control flow).

## MODULE III : Arrays and strings (7 hours)

Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array. String processing: In built String handling functions (strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets). Linear search program, bubble sort program, simple programs covering arrays and strings.

## MODULE IV : Working with functions (7 hours)

Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters, Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters
structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions.

## MODULE V : Pointers and Files (7 hours)

Basics of Pointer: Declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect. File Operations: open, close, read, write, append. Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handling functions (rewind() ,fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()), simple programs covering pointers and files.

## Text books

1. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, Byron Gottfried, Jitender Chhabra Tata McGraw Hill, 2005
2. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, Mcgraw Hill, 2019.
3. Programming in C, Asok N Kamthane, Pearson Education, 2015.
4. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education.

## References

1. Computer fundamentals and Programming in C, Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, Pearson Education, 2016.
2. The C Programming Language, Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Pearson Education, 2015
3. Computer Basics and Programming in C, Rajaraman V, PHI, 2007.
4. Let us C, Yashavant Kanetkar, BPB Publications, 2016.

## NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses

1. Introduction To Programming In C, Prof. Satyadev Nandakumar IIT Kanpur.
2. Problem Solving Through Programming In C, Prof. Anupam Basu IIT Kharagpur.

| No. |  | No. of Hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODULE 1 |  |  |
| 1.1 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor | 1 Hour |
| 1.2 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Memory | 1 Hour |
| 1.3 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Input\& Output devices | 1 Hour |
| 1.4 | Application Software \& System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages | 1 Hour |
| 1.5 | Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart | 1 Hour |
| 1.6 | Algorithms, Pseudo code | 1 Hour |
| 1.7 | Bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode | 1 Hour |


| MODULE II |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.1 | Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C | 1 Hour |
| 2.2 | Basic structure of C program: Variables and Data Types Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf | 1 Hour |
| 2.3 | Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators. | 1 Hour |
| 2.4 | Operators and Expressions: Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators Precedence | 1 Hour |
| 2.5 | Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement.(Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 Hour |
| 2.6 | Control Flow Statements: Switch Statement, Break statement. (Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 Hour |
| 2.7 | Control Flow Statements: While Loop, Do While Loop (Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 Hour |
| 2.8 | Control Flow Statements: For Loop, Continue statement.(Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 Hour |
|  | - MODULE III |  |
| 3.1 | Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, Simple programs covering 1 - Dimensional Array | 1 Hour |
| 3.2 | Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 2-Dimensional Array , Simple programs covering 2 - Dimensional Array | 1 Hour |
| 3.3 | Arrays -2-Programs covering 1 and 2 - Dimensional Arrays | 1 Hour |
| 3.4 | String processing: In built String handling functions(strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets) | 1 Hour |
| 3.5 | Linear search program- Implen | 1 Hour |
| 3.6 | Bubble sort program- Implementation | 1 Hour |
| 3.7 | Simple programs covering arrays and strings | 1 Hour |
| MODULE IV |  |  |
| 4.1 | Introduction to modular programming - writing functions | 1 Hour |
| 4.2 | Writing functions with formal parameters and actual parameters | 1 Hour |
| 4.3 | Writing functions with Pass by Value and Recursion | 1 Hour |



|  | Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf | them and display their sum <br> iii) iii) Read the radius of a circle, calculate its area and display it <br> iv) Evaluate the arithmetic expression ((a -b / c * d + e) * ( $\mathrm{f}+\mathrm{g}$ )) and display its solution. Read the values of the variables from the user through console. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Operators andExpressions: <br> Expressions and ArithmeticOperators, Relational and-LogicalOperators, Conditional operator,sizeof operator, Assignmentoperators and Bitwise Operators.Operators Precedence | i) Read 3 integer values and find the largest among them. <br> ii) Read a Natural Number and check whether the number |
| 6 | Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements. | is prime or not <br> iii)Read a Natural Number and check whether the number is Armstrong or not |
| 7 | Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array <br> Linear search program, bubble sort program | i) Read n integers, store them in an array and find their sum and average <br> ii) Read n integers, store them in an array and search for an element in the array using an algorithm for Linear Search <br> iii) Read n integers, store them in an array and sort the elements in the array using Bubble Sort algorithm |
| 8 | String processing: In built String handling functions(strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets) | i) Read a string (word), store it in an array and check whether it is a palindrome word or not. <br> ii) Read two strings (each one ending with a \$ symbol), store them in arrays and concatenate them without using library functions |




|  | CO Assessment Questions |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Write an algorithm and draw flowchart (using Flowgorithm/Raptor) <br> a) To find the roots of a quadratic equation <br> b) To check whether largest of 3 natural numbers is prime or not <br> c) To sort a set of numbers |
| 2 | Develop a C program <br> a) To process a set of $n$ natural numbers and to find the largest even number and smallest odd number from the given set of numbers. The program should not use division and modulus operators. <br> b) To find the value of a mathematical function $f$ which is defined as follows. $f(n)=n!/($ sum of factors of $n$ ), if $n$ is not prime and $f(n)=n!/$ (sum of digits of n ), if n is prime. |



| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { 23ESP108/ } \\ \text { 23ESP208 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | ENGINEERING GRAPHICS |  |  |  | L | T | P |  | C | Year Introdu | of ction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 202 |  |
| Preamble: Practicing Engineers require conversion of ideas and design into new products or in interpreting information from existing drawings. The course in Engineering Graphics deals with conics, orthographic / pictorial projections, dimensioning and specifications, sectional views, isometric projection, development of surfaces and use of AutoCAD software in preparing drawings. It enables the students to acquire basic knowledge about Engineering drawing and prepare themselves for a career in Engineering. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prerequisite: Nil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO1 | Construct plain, diagonal and vernier scales. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 | Construct conic sections and engineering curves. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{CO3}$ | Prepare multi-view orthographic projections of regular solids by visualizing them in different positions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO4 | Draw sectional views and develop surfaces of regular geometric solids. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO5 | Prepare pictorial drawings using the principles of isometric projection to visualize objects in three dimensions and convert isometric views to orthographic views. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C06 | Obtain multi-view pr CAD tools. |  | projections, sections and solid models of objects using |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO - PO MAPPING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO | PO1 |  |  |  |  | PO2 PO | PO4 PO | PO6 | PO |  | PO |  | 9 | PO | 10 PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 2 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 3 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 4 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 5 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO 6 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Assessment Pattern for Theory component |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bloom's Category |  |  | Continuous Assessment Tools |  |  |  |  |  |  | End Semester Examination |  |  |
|  |  |  | Test1 | Test 2 |  | Other tools |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Remember |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |



## SYLLABUS

## Part A

## MODULE I: Introduction to Engineering Drawing

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Dimensioning, Conic sections - ellipse, parabola, hyperbola (eccentricity method and rectangle method only); Cycloid, Involute, helix (basic curves only); Scales - Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales (simple problems only).

## MODULE II: Orthographic Projections

Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points and projection of lines parallel to/inclined to both reference planes. Traces of lines.

## MODULE III: Projections of Regular Solids

Projection of solids-Prisms, pyramids, solids of revolution-cone, cylinder. Solids with axis parallel to/ inclined to both the reference Planes- Auxiliary Views.

## MODULE IV: Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids, Development of Surfaces

Draw the sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids- Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone. Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids - Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone.

## MODULE V: Isometric Projections

Principles of Isometric projection - Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids; Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and isometric views to orthographic views.

## Part B

## AutoCAD (Internal Evaluation only)

Demonstrating knowledge of AutoCAD software [such as: The Menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Prepare CAD drawing of objects.

## Text books

1. P. I. Varghese, Engineering Graphics, Tata McGraw Hill Education
2. Prof. J Benjamin, Engineering Graphics, Pentex Publishers

## Reference books

1. N. D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103019 (MOOC Course)

| No. | MODULE 1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| No. of <br> Hours |  |  |
| 1.1 | Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of <br> Drawing instruments, Types of lines and their uses. | 1 |
| 1.2 | Types, system of dimensioning and lettering practice. | 1 |
| 1.3 | Conic section- ellipse (eccentricity method) | 1 |
| 1.4 | Conic section- ellipse (rectangle method) | 1 |
| 1.5 | Conic section- parabola (eccentricity method) | 1 |
| 1.6 | Conic section- parabola (rectangle method only) | 1 |
| 1.7 | Conic section -hyperbola (eccentricity method and rectangle <br> method only) | 1 |
| 1.8 | Construction of Cycloid (basic curve only) | 1 |
| 1.9 | Involute (simple case only) | 1 |
| 1.10 | Helix (simple case only) | 1 |
| 1.11 | Introduction to Scales, Scales - Plain Scale, Diagonal and Vernier <br> Scales (simple problems only) | 1 |
| 1.12 | Plain Scale (simple problems only) | 1 |
| 1.13 | Diagonal Scales (simple problems only) | 1 |
| 1.14 | Vernier Scales (simple problems only) | 1 |
| 2.8 | Problem on lines inclined to both planes when apparent lengths <br> are given. | 1 |
| 2.1 | Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of <br> Points | 1 |
| 2.2 | Projections of Points (Problems on projection of points) | 1 |
| 2.3 | Projection of lines parallel to/inclined to one reference plane. | 1 |
| 2.4 | Problems on lines inclined to one plane and parallel to other. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Problems on lines inclined to one plane and parallel to other. | 1 |
| 2.6 | Projection of lines inclined to both reference planes. Line rotation <br> method | 1 |
| 2.7 | Problem on lines inclined to both planes | 1 |


| 2.9 | Traces of lines using line rotation. | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.10 | Projection of lines-Plane rotation method | 1 |
| 2.11 | Problems on Lines using plane rotation method | 1 |
| 2.12 | Traces of lines using plane rotation. | 1 |
| 2.13 | Problems on Lines when traces are given. | 1 |
| MODULE III |  |  |
| 3.1 | Projection of solids- Prisms, pyramids - simple position | 1 |
| 3.2 | Projection of solids- Cylinder, cone - simple position | 1 |
| 3.3 | Projection of solids-Prisms inclined to one plane. | 1 |
| 3.4 | Projection of solids-Pyramids inclined to one plane. | 1 |
| 3.5 | Projection of solids-Cylinders inclined to one plane. | 1 |
| 3.6 | Projection of solids-Cone inclined to one plane. | 1 |
| 3.7 | Projection of solids-Prisms inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 3.8 | Projection of solids-Pyramids inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 3.9 | Projection of solids-Cone inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 3.10 | Projection of solids-Cylinders inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 3.11 | Problems on projection of solids inclined to both planes. | 1 |
| 3.12 | Problems on projection of solids inclined to HP with solid resting on VP in simple position. | 1 |
| 3.13 | Problems on projection of solids inclined to both planes with solid resting on VP in simple position. | 1 |
|  | ULE |  |
| 4.1 | Introduction to section- Types of section planes -Sectional orthographic view of Prism when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 4.2 | Sectional orthographic view of Pyramid when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 4.3 | Sectional orthographic view of Cylinder when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 4.4 | Sectional orthographic view of Cone when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |



| CO Assessment Questions |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | 1. Construct a plain scale to show meters when 1 cm represents 4 meters and long enough to measure up to 50 meters. Find the R.F. and mark on it a distance of 36 meters. <br> 2. Construct a diagonal scale of R.F. $=1: 32,00,000$ to show kilometers and long enough to measure up to 400 km . Show distances of 257 km on your scale. <br> 3. A room of $1000 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ volume is represented by a block of $125 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ volume. Find R.F. and construct a plain scale to measure up to 30 m . Measure a distance of 18 m on the scale. |
| CO 2 | 1. The focus of a conic is 30 mm from directrix. Draw the locus of a point $P$ moving in such a way that eccentricity is $2 / 3$. Also draw a tangent and normal at any point on the curve. <br> 2. A circle of diameter 50 mm rolls on a straight line without slipping. Trace the locus of a point on the circumference of the circler rolling for one complete revolution. Name the curve, draw the tangent and normal at any point on the curve. <br> 3. A point moves such that its distance from a fixed straight line to its distance from a fixed point is equal. Draw the locus of the curve traced by that point. Add a normal and tangent to the curve at 40 mm above the axis. <br> 4. A roller of 40 mm diameter rolls over a horizontal table without slipping. A point on the circumference of the roller is in contact with the table surface in the beginning till one end of revolution. Draw the path traced by the point. |
| CO 3 | 1. The ends of three guy ropes are tied to a vertical post at a height of 20 m above the ground. The other ends of the ropes are pegged to the ground. In the front view the distance between the first peg and the pole is 10 m and is on the left side of the pole, while the other two pegs are on the right side of the pole and are 15 m and 20 m from the pole respectively. In the top view the bearings of the ropes appear as $S 45^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$, $\mathrm{N} 30^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ and $\mathrm{S} 40^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ for the first, second and third ropes respectively. Find the true lengths and inclination of the ropes with the ground. <br> 2. Draw the projections of a cone having base diameter 50 mm and 60 mm axis, when it is resting on the ground on a point of its base circle with the axis inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to the HP and $45^{\circ}$ to the VP. by auxiliary projection method. <br> 3. The trophy to be given to the winners of the football tournament has a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid with the base hexagon of 30 mm side, top hexagon of 20 mm side and height 80 mm . the frustum is placed on top of a square prism of 100 mm side and height 20 mm . a sphere of radius 28 mm is placed centrally on top of the frustum. Draw the plan and elevation of the trophy. |
| CO4 | 1. A cube with 45 mm long edges rests on HP with vertical faces equally inclined to the VP. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to the VP so that the true shape of the section is a regular hexagon. Draw the |


|  | sectional top view and the true shape of the section. Determine the inclination of the section plane with the HP. <br> 2. A triangular prism with a base side of 50 mm and a height of 80 mm is standing on its end on the ground with a side of the end perpendicular to VP. It is cut by an A.I.P in such a way that the true shape of the section is a trapezium with parallel sides of 40 mm and 12 mm . Draw the projections and an auxiliary view showing the true shape of the section. Find the angle made by the cutting plane with the HP <br> 3. A cone with a 50 mm base diameter and 70 mm long axis rests on its base on the HP. Draw the development of its lateral surface when it is cut by an auxiliary inclined plane bisecting the axis and inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the HP. <br> 4. A sugar jar is in the form of a right circular cone of base diameter 60 mm and height 90 mm and it rests on HP. An ant starts moving from extreme left and of its base, returns to its starting point, after moving around it. Find geometrically the length of the shortest path the ant can take. Show this in both front and top views. |
| :---: | :---: |
| CO5 | 1. A hemisphere of diameter 80 mm is resting on the ground with its flat surface facing upwards. A square pyramid having side of base 40 mm and axis 60 mm is resting on the base centrally on the top of the hemisphere. Draw the isometric view of the combination of solids. <br> 2. A waste basket is of the shape of a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid with base side 30 cm , top side 50 cm and height 100 cm . Draw the isometric projection of the basket which is standing vertically with smaller hexagonal base on the ground. <br> 3. Using any free software ( 2 D drafting software), prepare the three orthographic views of the machine component shown in figure, following the ISO standards. |
| CO6 | 1. Design a simple pen stand for your study table and draw the three orthographic views of the product using AutoCAD software, following the ISO standards of Engineering drawing and print it on A4 size paper and submit your design. |


| 2.Design a small ornament box and draw the three orthographic views <br> of the product using AutoCAD software, following the ISO standards <br> of Engineering drawing and print it on A4 size paper and submit your <br> design. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { 23ESL109/ } \\ \text { 23ESL209 } \end{array}$ |  | MANUFACTURING PRACTICES |  |  |  |  | L | T | P | J | S | C | Year Introdu | of uction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 202 |  |
| Preamble:To enable the student to familiarize various tools, measuring devices, practices and different methods of manufacturing processes employed in industry for fabricating components. Topics that give exposure to the hands-on experience on various basic engineering practices in Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering are included. This helps the learners to apply this experience while developing product/project for the benefit of society. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prerequisite: NIL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO1 | Identify different manufacturing processes which are commonly employed in the industry to fabricate components [Understand level] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 | Use appropriate tools and instruments with respect to the mechanical workshop trades and fabricate components as per the design [Apply level] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO 3 | Identify the tools used for electrical wiring, accessories, wires, cables, batteries and standard symbols. Execute wiring for simple circuits. [Understand level] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO4 | Develop the schematics and execute simple wiring circuits for domestic buildings. (Apply level) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{C O 5}$ | Identify and test various electronic components. Fabricate electronic circuits on printed circuit boards and its testing. [Understand level] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO - PO MAPPING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO | PO1 |  |  |  |  |  | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 ${ }^{\text {PO }}$ |  | PO8 |  | 09 |  | PO1 | 0 PO11 | PO12 |
| CO1 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO3 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO4 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO5 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Assessment Pattern |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bloom's Category |  |  |  |  |  | Continuous Assessment Tools |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Class work |  |  |  |  | Test1 |  |  |  |
| Remember |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Understand |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Apply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Analyse |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Evaluate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Create |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Mark Distribution of CIA |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Structure <br> [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Class work | Lab Exam | Total Marks |
| $\mathbf{0 - 0 - 4 - 0}$ | 5 | 55 | 40 | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| Total Mark distribution |  |  |  |  |
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration |  |
|  | 100 | 0 | - |  |

## SYLLABUS- DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTS

- Manufacturing Methods- Moulding and casting, and sheet metal
- Conventional Machining (turning, drilling and shaping), CNC Machining
- Fitting operations, Welding (Arc, gas and brazing)
- Carpentry \& power tools, Plumbing, Plastic moulding and glass cutting
- Electrical engineering - Study of tools, accessories and safety rules, batteries and earthing, Electrical machines and Transformer. Wiring exercises for simple circuits
- Electronics Engineering - Study of electronic components, instruments, testing of electronic devices. Soldering exercises on PCB and electronic circuits


## Text books

1. Veerana D. K., Workshop / Manufacturing Practices, ISBN 9391505333
2. Robert L.Boylestad' "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Prentice Hall of India, 2007
3. D C Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010

## Reference books

1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai.
2. Kalpakjian S. And Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", 4th edition, Pearson Education India Edition, 2002.
3. Gowri P. Hariharan and A. Suresh Babu," Manufacturing Technology - I" Pearson Education, 2008.
4. Roy A. Lindberg, "Processes and Materials of Manufacture", 4th edition, Prentice Hall India, 1998.
5. Rao P.N., "Manufacturing Technology", Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGraw Hill House, 2017.
6. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107219/mooc
7. Bernard Grob, "Basic Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

| Mechanical -- 24 Hrs <br> No. | Experiments |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Study and Exercise on foundry. <br> Preparation of mould and making the cast of a given component |
| 2 | Study and Exercise on sheet metal. <br> Make the box/can/tray with metal sheet as per the design |
| 3 | Study and Exercise on fitting and joining. <br> Prepare the joints and weld together as per the drawing |
| 4 | Study and Exercise on Machining <br> Prepare the model as per the drawing using turning, shaping and drilling <br> operations. |
| 5 | Study and Exercise on Carpentry. <br> Make simple wooden products like box, rack, etc using power tools. |
| 6 | Study and Exercise on plumbing. <br> Do the pipeline assembly as per the sketch |
| 7 | Study on CNC Machine, Injection moulding machine, Glass cutting (Demo <br> only) |
| 8 | Study on Electric devices and wiring. <br> Exercise on simple wiring for lighting, fan, etc as per the design |
| 9 | Study on electronic components and soldering. <br> Exercise on soldering the PCB and circuits as per the given design. |

## ELECTRICAL WORKSHOP - 12 Hrs

- Introduction to the precautionary steps adopted for Electrical shocks.
- Identify the Tools used for Electrical Wiring
- Study of Electrical Circuit Symbols and familiarization of wiring Accessories.
Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A circuit having one light and fan point.
Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A light/fan circuit using two-way switches. (Staircase wiring)
Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A circuit having fluorescent lamp and socket outlet (6A).

Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A Distribution board with one light point and one power outlet (16A) as sub circuits.
i) Demonstration of inverter wiring

6 ii) Demonstration of Earthing Schemes.
iii)Demonstration of Earth resistance measurement using equipment.

## ELECTRONICS WORKSHOP -12 Hrs

| 1 | Familiarization and identification of active and passive electronic components (Resistor, Capacitor, Inductor, diode, transistor, sensing elements, transformer) <br> - Calculation of values, Usage of Data Sheets to find various specifications of Components. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Familiarization of Electronic Equipments (Fixed and Variable Power Supply, Function Generator, CRO, Ammeter, Voltmeter etc.) <br> - Generation of Periodic waveforms using function generator and measuring various parameters. (Peak Value, Peak to Peak Value, RMS Value, Frequency etc.) <br> - Testing of Diode and Transistors <br> - Measurement of Current and Voltage in Series and Parallel resistor |
| 3 | Implementation of Circuits in bread board <br> - Connecting LED from supply (Application of Resistor). <br> - LED Connection using capacitor (Charge Storage application of Capacitor). <br> - Application of Sensing Element (LDR). <br> - Full wave Bridge Rectifier Circuit |
| 4 | Soldering Practice <br> - Full Wave Bridge Rectifier |
| 5 | Introduction to Electronic Simulation tools- LT SPICE <br> - Voltage and current through Series and Parallel passive components for AC and DC inputs. <br> - Simulation of rectifier circuits. |

## CO Assessment Questions

 product/design2 A team work to fabricate the component as per the given design using available manufacturing methods and submit the report Identify the components in the electric system shown in the drawing and complete the wiring as per the drawing to get the required result
4 Identify the electronic components in the given figure and assemble the component on a circuit board to enable the required function

| 23MCT110/ | Year of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23MCT210 | SPORTS AND YOGA | L | T | P | J | S | C | Introduction |
|  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2023 |  |

Preamble: This course enables the learners to understand how to attain physical fitness, mental well-being, and holistic growth through the combined benefits of sports and yoga. The topics covered in this course are Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes, First aid, Fundamentals of Anatomy \& physiology in physical education, Postures \& nutrition, Sports \& games and Yoga \& Lifestyle. This course helps the students to develop appreciation of physical activity as a lifetime pursuit and a means to better health.

Prerequisite: NIL
Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to
Demonstrate the need of physical activities and Yoga for the strength, CO 1 flexibility, and relaxation of mind and body. [Apply level]

## CO 2

Use scientific principles of exercise and training in daily routine. [Apply level]
Apply first aid promptly and appropriately whenever and wherever the need CO 3 arises. [Apply level]

Identify the importance of the components of health-related fitness, such as
CO 4 cardio respiratory endurance, flexibility, and body composition. [Understand level]

Use the opportunities to participate in sports and games activities with a CO 5 scientific approach. [Apply level]


| Analyse |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Evaluate |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Create |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |



## MODULE I: Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes.

- Meaning and importance of physical fitness and wellness.
- Components of physical fitness and health related fitness.
- How to start an exercise programme.
- Exercise for improving speed, strength, endurance, and flexibility and co ordinative abilities.
- Exercises to prevent back pain, tennis elbow, shoulder injury and knee pain, Neck pain.
- Fitness test battery for speed, strength, endurance, flexibility.
- Importance of weight training.
- Warming up and cooling down.
- How to deal with every day stress.


## MODULE II : First aid

- First aid and principles of first aid
- First aid measure for the following - Bleeding through Nose, Snakebite, Dog Bite, Electric Shock, Burns and Drowning
- Common injuries and their management - Wounds, Cuts, Sprain, Fracture and Dislocation.
- Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation. (CPR)
- How to prevent muscle cramps and its management.
- How to carry an injured person.


## MODULE III : Fundamentals of Anatomy and physiology in physical education, Postures and nutrition

- Define Anatomy, physiology and its importance.
- Effects of exercise on the functioning of various body system (Circulatory system, muscular system and respiratory system)
- Posture and its importance.
- Common Postural Deformities-Knock Knee, Flat Foot, Round Shoulders, Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis.
- Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities.
- Balanced diet, malnutrition and Deficiency diseases.
- Hydration.


## MODULE IV : Sports and games

- Following subtopics related to anyone game/sport of choice of student out of Football, Shuttle badminton, Volleyball, Basketball, Tennis and Cricket
- History of the game / sports.
- Latest general rule of the game / sports.
- Specification of play fields and related sports equipments


## MODULE V : Yoga \& Lifestyle

- Meaning \& importance of Yoga.
- Elements of Yoga
- Introduction-Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation \& Yogic Kriyas.
- Yoga for concentration \& related Asanas (Sukhasana; Tadasana; Padmasana \& Shashankasana)
- Relaxation Techniques for improving concentration-Yog-nidra.
- Asanas as preventive measure.
- Hypertension: Tadasana, Vajrasana, Pavan Muktasana, Ardha Chakrasana, Bhujangasana, Sharasana.
- Obesity: Procedure, Benefits \& contraindications for Vajrasana, Hastasana, Trikonasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana.
- Back pain: Tadasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana, Vakrasana, Shalabhasana, Bhujangasana.
- Diabetes: Procedure, Benefits \& Contraindications for Bhujangasana, Paschimottasana, Pavan Muktasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana.
- Asthema: Procedure, Benefits \& Contraindications for Sukhasana, Chakrasana, Gomukhasana, Parvatasana, Bhujangasana, Paschimottasana, Matsyasana.


## Text books

5. Modern Trends and Physical Education by Prof. Ajmer Singh.
6. Light on Yoga by B.K.S. Iyengar.
7. Health and Physical Education- NCERT (11th and 12th Classes)

## Reference books

1. Physiological aspects of sports training and performance by Jay Hoffman.
2. Periodization theory and methodology of training by Tudor O Bompa and G

## Grisgery Haff.

3. Essential of strength training and conditioning by Thomas Baechle E R, Roger W Earle.
4. A practice guide to emergency first aid, safety injuries, illnesses by Montreal. 5.

| COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | No. of Hours [26] |
| MODULE 1: Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes. |  |  |
| 1.1 | - Meaning and importance of physical fitness and wellness. <br> - Components of physical fitness and health related fitness. | 1 Hour |
| 1.2 | - How to start an exercise programme. <br> - Exercise for improving speed, strength, endurance, and flexibility and co ordinative abilities. | 1 Hour |
| 1.3 | - Exercises to prevent back pain, tennis elbow, shoulder injury and knee pain, Neck pain. | 1 H |
| 1.4 | - Fitness test battery for speed, strength, endurance, flexibility. | 1 Hour |
| 1.5 | - Importance of weight training. <br> - Warming up and cooling down. | 1 Hour |
| 1.6 | How to deal with every day stress. | 1 Hour |
|  | MODULE II: First aid |  |
| 2.1 | - First aid and principles of first aid <br> - First aid measure for the following - Bleeding through Nose, Snakebite, Dog Bite, Electric Shock, Burns and Drowning. | 1 Hour |
| 2.4 | - Common injuries and their management - Wounds, Cu Sprain, Fracture and Dislocation. | 1 Hour |
| 2.5 | - Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. | 1 Hour |
| 2.6 | - How to prevent muscle cramps and its management. <br> - How to carry an injured person | 1 Hour |
| MODULE III: Fundamentals of Anatomy and physiology in physical education, Postures and nutrition |  |  |
| 3.1 | - Define Anatomy, physiology and its importance. <br> - Effects of exercise on the functioning of various body system (Circulatory system, muscular system and respiratory system) | 1 Hour |
| 3.2 | - Posture and its importance. <br> - Common Postural Deformities-Knock Knee; Flat Foot; Round Shoulders; Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis. <br> - Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities. | 1 Hour |
| 3.3 | - Balanced diet, mal nutrition and Deficiency disease. | 1 Hour |
| 3.4 | - Hydration. | 1 Hour |


| MODULE IV: Sports and games. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Following subtopics related to anyone game/sport of choice of student out of |  |  |
| 4.1 | - Football | 1 Hour |
| 4.2 | - Shuttle badminton | 1 Hour |
| 4.3 | - Volleyball | 1 Hour |
| 4.4 | - Basketball | 1 Hour |
| 4.5 | - Cricket | 1 Hour |
| 4.6 | - Tennis <br> - History of the game / sports. <br> - Latest general rule of the game / sports. <br> - Specification of play fields and related sports equipments. | 1 Hour |
|  | Module 5-Yoga \& Lifestyle |  |
| 5.1 | - Meaning \& importance of Yoga. <br> - Elements of Yoga <br> - Introduction-Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation \& Yogic Kriyas. <br> - Yoga for concentration \& related Asanas (Sukhasana; Tadasana; Padmasana \& Shashankasana) <br> - Relaxation Techniques for improving concentration-Yog-nidra. <br> - Asanas as preventive measures | 1 Hour |
| 5.2 | - Hypertension: Tadasana, Vajrasana, Pavan Muktasana, Ardha Chakrasana, Bhujangasana, Sharasana. <br> - Obesity: Procedure, Benefits \& contraindications for Vajrasana, Hastasana, Trikonasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana. <br> - Back pain: Tadasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana, Vakrasana, Shalabhasana, Bhujangasana. | 1 Hour |
| 5.3 | - Diabetes: Procedure, Benefits \& Contraindications for Bhujangasana, Paschimottasana, Pavan Muktasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana. | 1 Hour |
| 5.4 | - Asthema: Procedure, Benefits \& Contraindications for Sukhasana, Chakrasana, Gomukhasana, Parvatasana, Bhujangasana, Paschimottasana, Matsyasana. | 1 Hour |

## CO Assessment Questions

1. Group Activity - Group discussion about the need and benefits of physical activities and Yoga for the strength, flexibility, and relaxation of mind \& body.
1
2. Make a demonstrative video about various yoga poses with the members in your team - Break down the yoga poses that you learned into smaller steps or stages. Demonstrate each step slowly and methodically, explaining the alignment, placement of body parts, and any variations or modifications.

Emphasize proper breathing techniques throughout the demonstration.

1. Analyze the exercise activities of at least five famous personalities and give a PPT presentation about how each one of them uses physiological principles related to exercise and training in daily routine.
2. Conduct a survey on how the following categories of people follow physiological principles related to exercise and training in daily routine.
3. Sports person
4. Working woman
5. Students
6. Ladies in the age group of 25-35, 35-45,45-55,55-65, above 65
7. Gents in the age group of $25-35,35-45,45-55,55-65$, above 65

Prepare a survey form and conduct the survey. Based on the survey give a presentation about your findings and demonstrate whether it matches with the concepts you learned.
With a role play, illustrate various first aid activities that can be followed at various situation in life. In each illustration, try to give emphasis on dos and don'ts to be followed in each situation.
Observe at least 10 students in your class and identify Common Postural Deformities each one of them have. Also identify good posters they follow. Have a discussion with each one of them to identify whether they have already recognized it or not. Make a report about it.
Create a video presentation about the exercises to prevent back and shoulder pain.
Create a PPT presentation on the rules of any one of the sports items given below. Try to identify the rules violated by some players in some popular competition and include those cases in the PPT.

- Football
- Shuttle badminton
- Volleyball
- Basketball
- Cricket
- Tennis


#### Abstract

| $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | Year of |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Introduction 21002030202 Preamble: This course helps the students to appreciate the essential complementarity between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings. The topics covered in this course are the concepts of self-exploration, values and skills, happiness and prosperity, harmony in family and society, harmony in the nature and society, and ethical values needed for the life and profession of an individual. This course enables the learners to develop a holistic perspective towards life and profession $\&$ towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the human reality and the rest of existence.


## Prerequisite: Universal Human Values I (Student Induction Program)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to
CO1 Evaluate the significance of value inputs in formal education and start applying them in their life and profession. [Apply level]

CO2 Distinguish between values and skills, happiness and accumulation of physical facilities, the Self and the Body, Intention and Competence of an individual. [Analyse level]

CO3 Demonstrate the value of harmonious relationship based on trust and respect in their life and profession. [Analyze level]

CO4 Examine the role of a human being in ensuring harmony in society and nature. [Analyse level]

CO5 Use the understanding of ethical conduct to formulate the strategy for ethical life and profession. [Apply level]

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | P08 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO2 |  |  |  |  | 入 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO3 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO4 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| CO5 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Assessment Pattern |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bloom's Category |  |  |  | Continuous Assessment Tools |  |  |  |  |  | End Semester Examination |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Test 1 |  | Test 2 |  | Other tools |  |  |  |  |
| Remember |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |



## SYLLABUS

MODULE I : Introduction to Value Education

Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education), Understanding Value Education, Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - the Basic Human Aspirations, Happiness and Prosperity - Current Scenario, Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations.

## MODULE II : Harmony in the Human Being

Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body, distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument of the Self, Understanding Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body, Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health.

## MODULE III : Harmony in the Family and Society

Harmony in the Family - the Basic Unit of Human Interaction, 'Trust' - the Foundational Value in Relationship, 'Respect' - as the Right Evaluation, Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship, Understanding Harmony in the Society, Vision for the Universal Human Order.

## MODULE IV: Harmony in the Nature/Existence

Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders of Nature, Realizing Existence as Coexistence at All Levels, Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence.

MODULE V: Implications of the Holistic Understanding - a Look at Professional Ethics

Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct, A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Competence in Professional Ethics, Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models- Typical, Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession.

## Text books

1. A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
2. Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, RR Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019.


| 2.6 | Harmony of the Self with the Body | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.7 | Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health | 1 |
| 2.8 | Tutorial 3 - Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body | 1 |
| MODULE III |  |  |
| 3.1 | Harmony in the Family - the Basic Unit of Human Interaction | 1 |
| 3.2 | 'Trust' - the Foundational Value in Relationship | 1 |
| 3.3 | Tutorial 1 - Exploring the Feeling of Trust | 1 |
| 3.4 | 'Respect' - as the Right Evaluation | 1 |
| 3.5 | Tutorial 2 - Exploring the Feeling of Respect | 1 |
| 3.6 | Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship | 1 |
| 3.7 | Understanding Harmony in the Society and Vision for the Universal Human Order | 1 |
| 3.8 | Tutorial 3-Exploring Systems to fulfill Human Goal | 1 |
|  | - MODULE IV |  |
| 4.1 | Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, selfregulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders of Nature | 1 |
| 4.2 | Tutorial 1-Exploring the Four Orders of Nature | 1 |
| 4.3 | Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels | 1 |
| 4.4 | The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence | 1 |
| 4.5 | Tutorial 2 - Exploring Co-existence in Existence | 1 |
| MODULE V |  |  |
| 5.1 | Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct | 1 |
| 5.2 | Exploring Ethical Human Conduct | 1 |


| 5.3 | A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and <br> Universal Human Order, Professional Ethics | 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 5.4 | Exploring Humanistic Models in Education | 1 |
| 5.5 | Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management <br> Models-Typical Case Studies | 1 |
| 5.6 | Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession | 1 |
| 5.7 | Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order | 1 |

## CO Assessment Questions

1. What does a fulfilling life mean for you? List out the top five points that occur to you when you think of a fulfilling life. While making the list, please consider your entire life, not just the present stage of your life (youth, middle age, old age, etc.).
2. Choose any five things that you consider as human values. Now write all the basic guidelines, and check if you they satisfy the basic guidelines. (Hint: Someone may say Trust is a human value. Now check if it satisfies the basic guidelines.]
3. List your activities throughout a typical day in your life. Categorize these activities as activity for developing right understanding, activity for fulfillment in relationship and activity for physical facility (see table, below).

| Activity | This activity has time and effort for |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Right | Fulfillment in | Physical <br> facility |  |
| understanding <br> relationship | $?$ | 2 hrs (for <br> health of body) |  |  |
| Talking with friends | $?$ | $?$ | 3 hrs (for <br> relationship) | $?$ |
| Studying | 1 hr (studying <br> for values) | $?$ | 6 hrs <br> (studying for <br> skills) |  |


|  | Sleeping |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This is just a sample list. Please make your own list |  |  |
|  | Total Time and Effort ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Max 24 hrs |  |  |
|  | Find out what percentage of your time and effort is being spent for each of these three. What do you conclude from this exercise? |  |  |
| 2 | Find out if the following are naturally acceptable to you. |  |  |
|  | Statement | My present thinking (beliefs) about the statement | Naturally Acceptable? |
|  | I want to be happy |  |  |
|  | I want to make others happy |  |  |
|  | I want to be healthy |  |  |
|  | I want to live in relationship |  |  |
|  | I want to have more than others |  |  |
|  | I want to have more than what I really need |  |  |
|  | Feeling of respect in relationship | Only if you have mone people respect you | Feeling of respect is naturally acceptable in relationship |
|  | Can you observe that when you acceptance? Note any five thin Now, verify for yourself that your time or place. It does not depe and that it is always there. acceptance? And if not, what acceptance? e.g., eating sweet explore, whether it changes with see that sometimes you like e feel like eating sweets. Same th wants to eat sweets. Thus, it 'natural acceptance'. Then wh (here, while eating sweets is your acceptance). | really try, you can refe that appear naturally 'natural acceptance' doe d on your beliefs and p not, would you still cal can it be termed as in It may appear naturally time, place and individu ing sweets, while some ng happens with place. oes not fulfill the criteri is your natural accept liking, nurturing your Bod | your natural ptable to you. ot change with conditionings your natural ace of natural cceptable. Now or not. You will es; you do not d not everyone It is not your e? Find it out $y$ is the natural |
| 3 | 1. "The pleasures that we derive from sensations are short lived and the efforts to extend them lead to misery" -Examine and illustrate this statement with an example. <br> 2. Explain the activities of imaging, analyzing and selecting/tasting with |  |  |



